

Seller disclosure statement

Property Law Act 2023 section 99

Form 2, Version 1 | Effective from: 1 August 2025

WARNING TO BUYER This statement contains important legal and other information about the property offered for sale. You should read and satisfy yourself of the information in this statement before signing a contract. You are advised to seek legal advice before signing this form. You should not assume you can terminate the contract after signing if you are not satisfied with the information in this statement.

WARNING You must be given this statement before you sign the contract for the sale of the property.

This statement does not include information about:

- flooding or other natural hazard history
- structural soundness of the building or pest infestation
- current or historical use of the property
- current or past building or development approvals for the property
- limits imposed by planning laws on the use of the land
- services that are or may be connected to the property
- the presence of asbestos within buildings or improvements on the property.

You are encouraged to make your own inquiries about these matters before signing a contract. You may not be able to terminate the contract if these matters are discovered after you sign

Part 1 Seller and property details

Seller

Property
address
*(referred to as the
property in this
statement)*

9 Daffodil Close, Zillmere QLD 4034

Lot on plan
description

LOT 6 REGISTERED PLAN 857236

Community titles scheme or
BUGTA scheme:

Is the property part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme:

Yes ☐

No ☒

If **Yes**, refer to Part 6 of this statement for
additional information

If **No**, please disregard Part 6 of this statement as it
does not need to be completed

Part 2 Title details, encumbrances and residential tenancy or rooming accommodation agreement

Title details

The seller gives or has given the buyer the following

A title search for the property issued under the Land Title Act 1994 ☒ **Yes**
showing interests registered under that Act for the property.

A copy of the plan of survey registered for the property. ☒ **Yes**

Registered encumbrances

Registered encumbrances, if any, are recorded on the title search, and may affect your use of the property. Examples include easements, statutory covenants, leases and mortgages.

You should seek legal advice about your rights and obligations before signing the contract.

Unregistered encumbrances(excluding statutory encumbrances)	There are encumbrances not registered on the title that will continue to affect the property after settlement. ☐ Yes ☒ No NoteIf the property is part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme it may be subject to and have the benefit of statutory easements that are NOT required to be disclosed. Unregistered lease (if applicable) If the unregistered encumbrance is an unregistered lease, the details of the agreement are as follows: the start and end day of the term of the lease: the amount of rent and bond payable: whether the lease has an option to renew: Other unregistered agreement in writing (if applicable) If the unregistered encumbrance is created by an agreement in writing, and is not an unregistered lease, a copy of the agreement is ☐ Yes given, together with relevant plans, if any. Other unregistered agreement in writing (if applicable) Unregistered oral agreement (if applicable) If the unregistered encumbrance is created by an oral agreement, and is not an unregistered lease, the details of the agreement are as follows:
Statutory encumbrances	There are statutory encumbrances that affect the property. ☒ Yes ☐ No If Yes, the details of any statutory encumbrances are as follows: All statutory rights relating to water supply, sewerage, drainage, electricity, internet, telephone, and other services passing through or over the property, whether protected by registered or statutory easements, including but not limited to any infrastructure or public authority rights identified in this Form 2, including Annexures.
Residential tenancy or rooming accommodation agreement	The property has been subject to a residential tenancy agreement or a rooming accommodation agreement under the Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 during the last 12 months. Yes ☒ No If Yes, when was the rent for the premises or each of the residents rooms last increased? (Insert date of the most recent rent increase for the premises or rooms) NoteUnder the Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008 the rent for a residential premises may not be increased earlier than 12 months after the last rent increase for the premises. As the owner of the property, you may need to provide evidence of the day of the last rent increase. You should ask the seller to provide this evidence to you prior to settlement.

Part 3 Land use, planning and environment

WARNING TO BUYER You may not have any rights if the current or proposed use of the property is not lawful under the local planning scheme. You can obtain further information about any planning and development restrictions applicable to the lot, including in relation to short-term letting, from the relevant local government.

Zoning

The zoning of the property is (Insert zoning under the planning scheme, the Economic Development Act 2012; the Integrated Resort Development Act 1987; the Mixed Use Development Act 199; the State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971 or the Sanctuary Cove Resort Act 1985, as applicable):

LMR2 - Low-Medium Density Residential (2 Or 3 Storey Mix)

Transport proposals and resumptions

There are encumbrances not registered on the title that will continue to affect the property after settlement. ☐ Yes ☒ No

The lot is affected by a notice of intention to resume the property or any part of the property. ☐ Yes ☒ No

If **Yes**, a copy of the notice, order, proposal or correspondence must be given by the seller.

* *Transport infrastructure* has the meaning defined in the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994. A proposal means a resolution or adoption by some official process to establish plans or options that will physically affect the property.

Contamination and environmental protection

The property is recorded on the Environmental Management Register or the Contaminated Land Register under the Environmental Protection Act 1994. ☐ Yes ☒ No

The following notices are, or have been, given:

A notice under section 408(2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (for example, land is contaminated, show cause notice, requirement for site investigation, clean up notice or site management plan). ☐ Yes ☒ No

A notice under section 369C(2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (the property is a place or business to which an environmental enforcement order applies). ☐ Yes ☒ No

A notice under section 347(2) of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (the property is a place or business to which a prescribed transitional environmental program applies). ☐ Yes ☒ No

Trees

There is a tree order or application under the Neighbourhood Disputes (Dividing Fences and Trees) Act 2011 affecting the property. ☐ Yes ☒ No

If **Yes**, a copy of the order or application must be given by the seller.

Heritage

The property is affected by the Queensland Heritage Act 1992 or is included in the World Heritage List under the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cwlth). ☐ Yes ☒ No

Flooding

Information about whether the property is affected by flooding or another natural hazard or within a natural hazard overlay can be obtained from the relevant local government and you should make your own enquires. Flood information for the property may also be available at the [FloodCheck Queensland](#) portal or the [Australian Flood Risk Information](#) portal.

Vegetation, habitats and protected plants

Information about vegetation clearing, koala habitats and other restrictions on development of the land that may apply can be obtained from the relevant State government agency

Part 4 Buildings and structures

WARNING TO BUYER The seller does not warrant the structural soundness of the buildings or improvements on the property, or that the buildings on the property have the required approval, or that there is no pest infestation affecting the property. You should engage a licensed building inspector or an appropriately qualified engineer, builder or pest inspector to inspect the property and provide a report and also undertake searches to determine whether buildings and improvements on the property have the required approvals.

Swimming pool	There is a relevant pool for the property. If a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme a shared pool is located in the scheme. Pool compliance certificate is given. OR Notice of no pool safety certificate is given.	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☒ No ☐ No ☐ No ☒ No
Unlicensed building work under owner builder permit	Building work was carried out on the property under an owner builder permit in the last 6 years. A notice under section 47 of the Queensland Building and Construction Commission Act 1991 must be given by the seller and you may be required to sign the notice and return it to the seller prior to signing the contract.	☐ Yes	☒ No
Notices and orders	There is an unsatisfied show cause notice or enforcement notice under the Building Act 1975, section 246AG, 247 or 248 or under the Planning Act 2016, section 167 or 168. The seller has been given a notice or order, that remains in effect, from a local, State or Commonwealth government, a court or tribunal, or other competent authority, requiring work to be done or money to be spent in relation to the property. If Yes , a copy of the notice or order must be given by the seller.	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☒ No ☒ No
Building Energy Efficiency Certificate	If the property is a commercial office building of more than 1,000m ² , a Building Energy Efficiency Certificate is available on the Building Energy Efficiency Register.		
Asbestos	The seller does not warrant whether asbestos is present within buildings or improvements on the property. Buildings or improvements built before 1990 may contain asbestos. Asbestos containing materials (ACM) may have been used up until the early 2000s. Asbestos or ACM may become dangerous when damaged, disturbed, or deteriorating. Information about asbestos is available at the Queensland Government Asbestos Website (asbestos.qld.gov.au) including common locations of asbestos and other practical guidance for homeowners.		

Part 5 Rates and services

WARNING TO BUYER The amount of charges imposed on you may be different to the amount imposed on the seller.

Rates

Whichever of the following applies

The total amount payable* for all rates and charges (without any discount) for the property as stated in the most recent rate notice is:

Amount

\$ 439.87

Date
Range: 01/04/2026 to 30/06/2026

Or

The property is currently a rates exempt lot.**

☐

Or

The property is not rates exempt but no separate assessment of rates is issued by a local government for the property

☐

*Concessions: A local government may grant a concession for rates. The concession will not pass to you as buyer unless you meet the criteria in section 120 of the Local Government Regulation 2012 or section 112 of the *City of Brisbane Regulation 2012*

** An exemption for rates applies to particular entities. The exemption will not pass to you as buyer unless you meet the criteria in section 93 of the Local Government Act 2009 or section 95 of the *City of Brisbane Act 2010*.

Water

Whichever of the following applies

The total amount payable as charges for water services for the property as indicated in the most recent water services notice* is:

Amount

\$ 311.49

Date
Range: 17/12/2025 to 23/03/2026

Or

There is no separate water services notice issued for the lot; however, an estimate of the total amount payable for water services is:

Amount \$

Date
Range:

* A water services notices means a notice of water charges issued by a water service provider under the *Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008*.

Part 6 Community titles schemes and BUGTA schemes

(If the property is part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme this Part must be completed)

WARNING TO BUYER If the property is part of a community titles scheme or a BUGTA scheme and you purchase the property, you will become a member of the body corporate for the scheme with the right to participate in significant decisions about the scheme and you will be required to pay contributions towards the body corporates expenses in managing the scheme. You will also be required to comply with the by-laws. By-laws will regulate your use of common property and the lot. **For more information about living in a body corporate and your rights and obligations, contact the Office of the Commissioner for Body Corporate and Community Management.**

Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997	The property is included in a community titles scheme. (If Yes, complete the information below) ☐ Yes ☒ No
Community Management Statement	A copy of the most recent community management statement for the scheme as recorded under the Land Title Act 1994 or another Act is ☐ Yes Note If the property is part of a community titles scheme, the community management statement for the scheme contains important information about the rights and obligations of owners of lots in the scheme including matters such as lot entitlements, by-laws and exclusive use areas
Body Corporate Certificate	A copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot under the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997, section 205(4) is ☐ Yes ☐ No If No An explanatory statement is given to the buyer that states: ☐ Yes • a copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot is not attached; and • the reasons under section 6 of the Property Law Regulation 2024 why the seller has not been able to obtain a copy of the body corporate certificate for the lot.
Statutory Warranties	Statutory Warranties If you enter into a contract, you will have implied warranties under the Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997 relating to matters such as latent or patent defects in common property or body corporate assets; any actual, expected or contingent financial liabilities that are not part of the normal operating costs; and any circumstances in relation to the affairs of the body corporate that will materially prejudice you as owner of the property. There will be further disclosure about warranties in the contract.
Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980	The property is included in a BUGTA scheme (If Yes, complete the information below) ☐ Yes ☒ No
Body Corporate Certificate	A copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot under the Building Units and Group Titles Act 1980, section 40AA(1) is given to the buyer. ☐ Yes ☐ No If No An explanatory statement is given to the buyer that states: ☐ Yes • a copy of a body corporate certificate for the lot is not attached; and • the reasons under section 7 of the Property Law Regulation 2024 why the seller has not been able to obtain a copy of the body corporate certificate for the lot. Note If the property is part of a BUGTA scheme, you will be subject to by-laws approved by the body corporate and other by-laws that regulate your use of the property and common property.

Signatures *SELLER*

Signature of seller



17/06/2026, 11:39

Signature of seller

This form is signed by one seller under the authority of all sellers
pursuant to section 97(2)(b) of the Property Law Act 2023.
CARMEN MARIA CARPENTER

Name of seller

Date

Date

Signatures *BUYER*

By signing this disclosure statement the buyer acknowledges receipt of this disclosure statement before entering into a contract with the seller for the sale of the lot.

Signature of buyer

Signature of buyer

Name of buyer

Name of buyer

Date

Date

Queensland Titles Registry Pty Ltd
ABN 23 648 568 101

Title Reference:	18705231	Search Date:	17/06/2026 10:45
Date Title Created:	22/02/1994	Request No:	56548158
Previous Title:	11442233, 11532066		

ESTATE AND LAND

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 6 REGISTERED PLAN 857236

Local Government: BRISBANE CITY

REGISTERED OWNER

Dealing No: 705008582 31/08/2001

CARMEN MARIA CARPENTER

EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

1. Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by
Deed of Grant No. 10085230 (POR 227)

ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

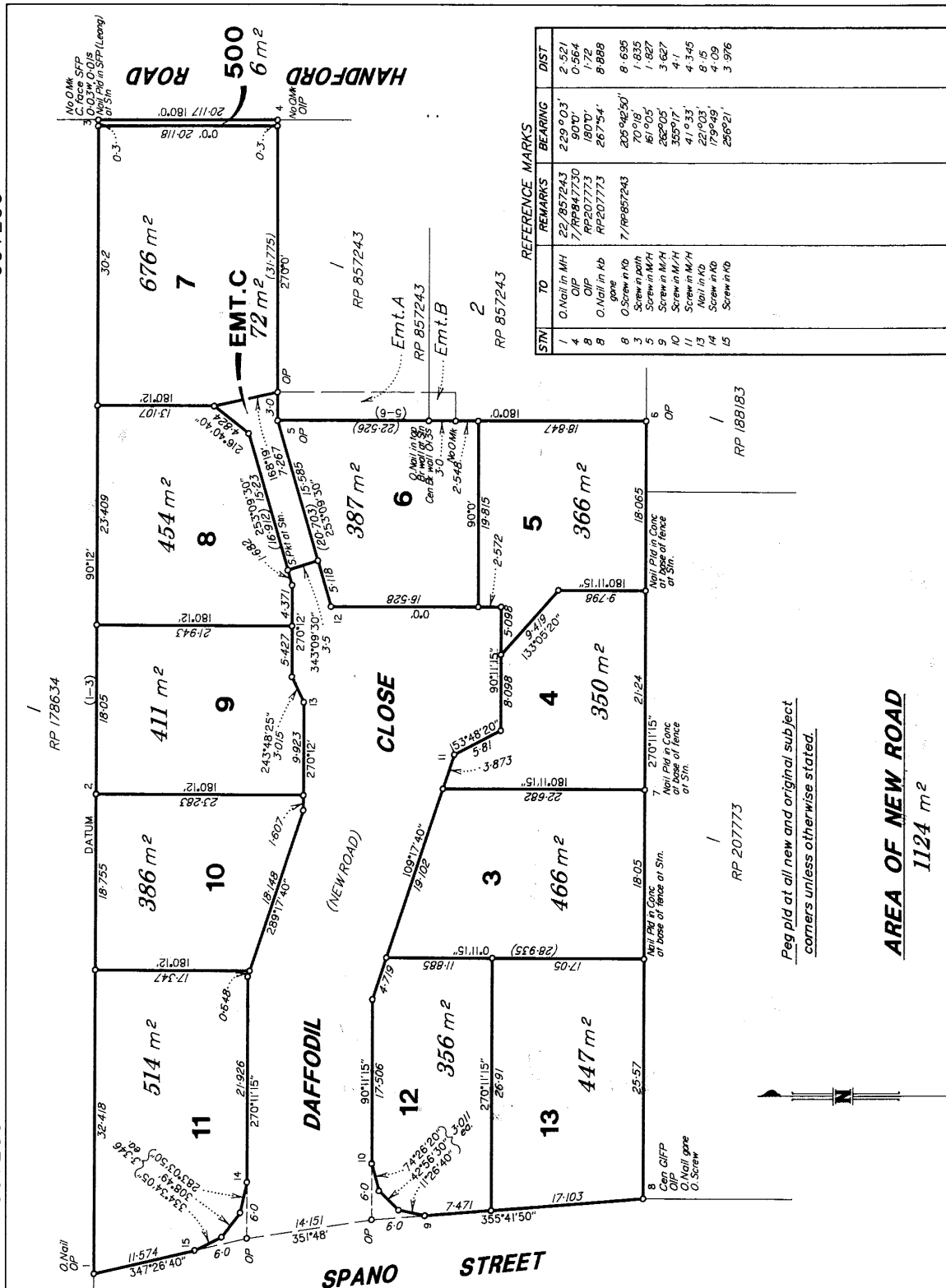
** End of Current Title Search **

WARNING — PLAN MAY BE ROLLED — A FOLDED OR MUTILATED PLAN WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED

857236

PLAN MUST BE DRAWN WITHIN BLACK LINES

857236



857236

PLAN MUST BE DRAWN WITHIN BLACK LINES

857236

PC AR 25-06-99

Kellar Fox & McChie Pty. Ltd.
 hereby certify that the Company have surveyed the land comprised in this plan (either personally or by Andrew John MORCOM Licensed Surveyor for whose work the Company accept responsibility), that the plan is accurate, that the said survey was performed in accordance with the Surveyors Act and the Surveyors Regulations and that the said survey was completed on 26/8/93

Licensed Surveyor/
 Director
 Date 26/8/93

PLAN OF LOTS 3-13, 500 & PROPOSED EMT.C IN LOT 7
 Cancelling Lot 3 on RP 857243

ORIGINAL Por. 227

MERIDIAN
 VIDE
 RP857243

MAP REF
 C.C. 19

SCALE
 1:400

FILE REF
 807019

YES SURVEY RECORDS DEPOSITED

ENDORSED
 25/10/1993

REGISTERING DIST
 BRISBANE

PARISH
 COUNTY

TOWN/LOCALITY
 LOCAL AUTHORITY
 LAND AGENTS/MINING
 DISTRICT

MINING FIELD

KEDRON Stanley
 ZILLMERE
 BRISBANE C. C.
 BRISBANE

REGISTERED PLAN 857236

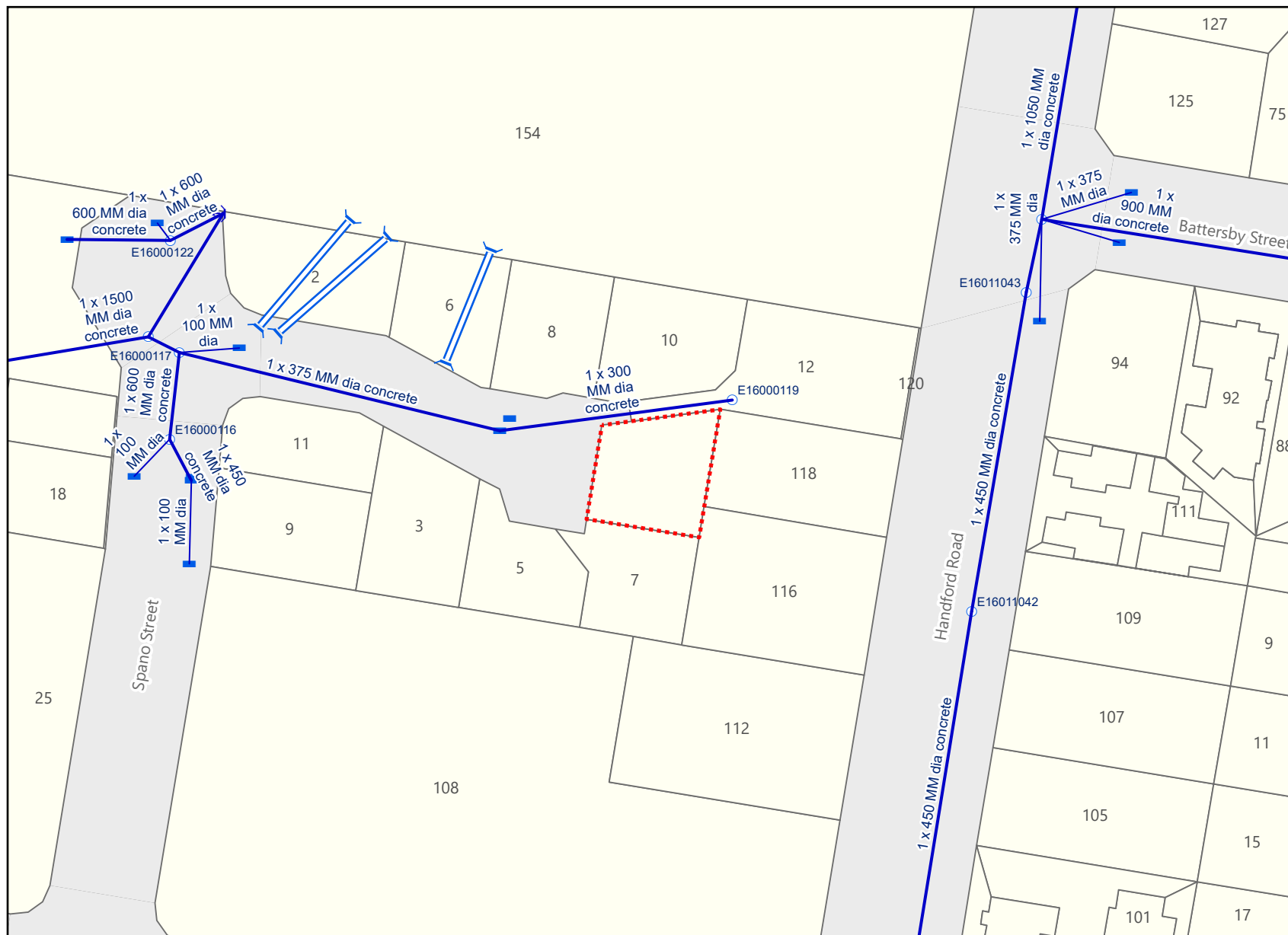
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 cm CROWN COPYRIGHT RESERVED

THE INSTITUTION OF SURVEYORS AUSTRALIA (QUEENSLAND DIVISION)
 BY AUTHORITY LICENCE NUMBER 67

857236



Job # 53447362
Seq # 274658925
Provider: Brisbane City Council
Telephone: (07) 3403 8888



Legend

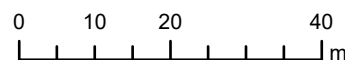
- BYDA Enquiry
- Stormwater Network**
 - Stormwater Drain
 - Stormwater Gully / Roofwater Connection
 - Stormwater Maintenance Hole
 - Stormwater Gully Pit
 - Stormwater Culvert
 - Pipe End Outlet

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Data must not be used for direct marketing or be used in breach of the privacy laws.

Copyright of data is as follows:
Cadastre and Street Names © 2020 State of Queensland (Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy)

Caution: This map may contain the locations of abandoned underground asbestos pipes. Council gives no warranty to the completeness or accuracy of these records. Appropriate care needs to be taken in all cases.

In an emergency contact Brisbane City Council on 07 3403 8888
17/06/26 (valid for 30 days)

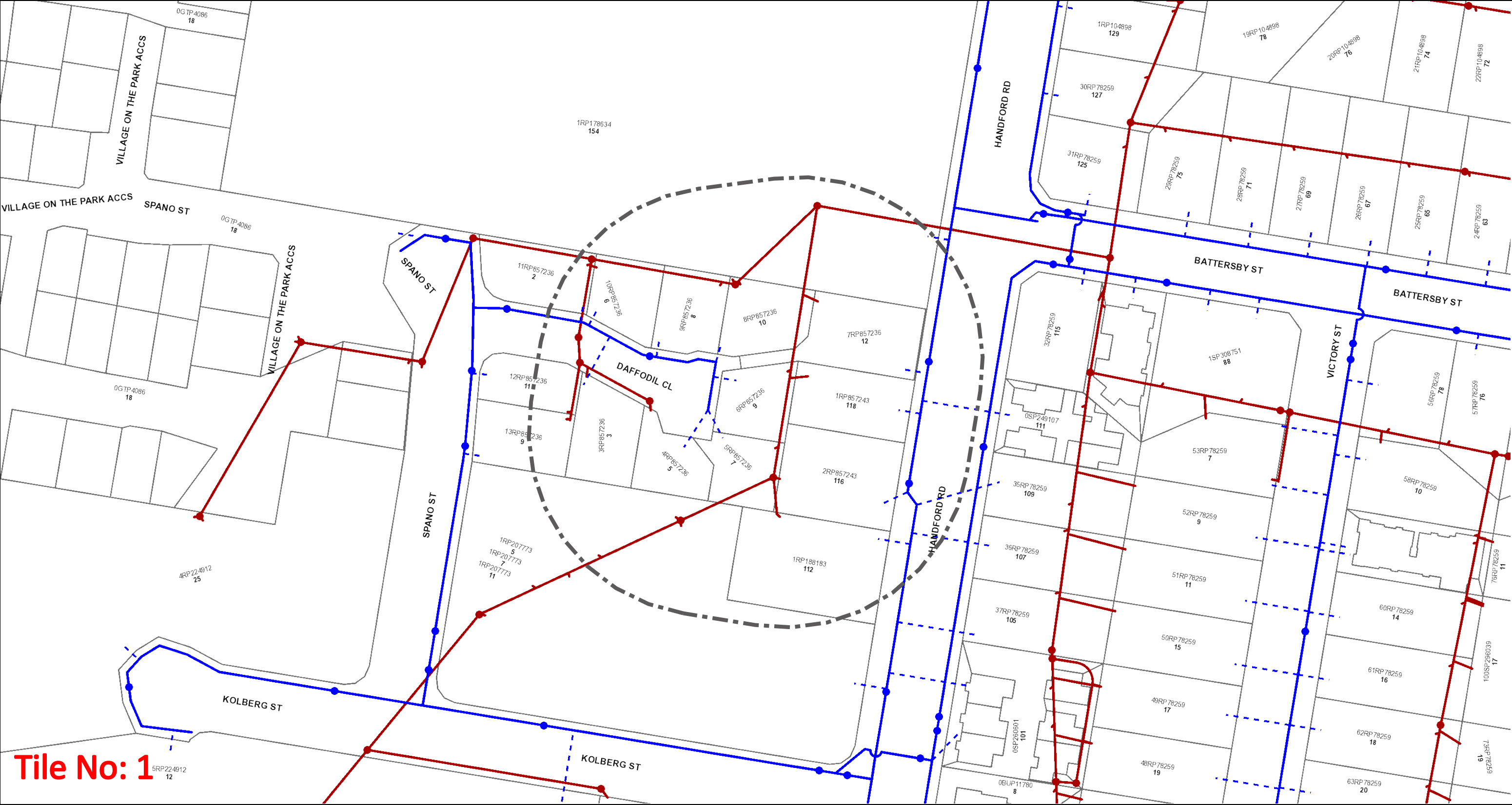


Scale 1:1,000



Plans generated by
SmarterWX™ Automate

Urban Utilities - Water, Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure



Tile No: 1



Before You Dig Australia- Urban Utilities Water, Recycled Water and Sewer Infrastructure

BYDA Reference No: 274658928

Date BYDA Ref Received: 17/06/2026
Date BYDA Job to Commence: 17/06/2026
Date BYDA Map Produced: 17/06/2026

This Map is valid for 30 days Produced By: Urban Utilities

Sewer	Water	Recycled Water
● Infrastructure	● Infrastructure	● Infrastructure
◆ Major Infrastructure	◆ Major Infrastructure	◆ Major Infrastructure
— Network Pipelines	— Network Pipelines	— Network Pipelines
▨ Network Structures	▨ Network Structures	▨ Network Structures
	--- Water Service (Indicative only)	

While reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this plan response, neither Urban Utilities nor PelicanCorp shall have any liability whatsoever in relation to any loss, damage, cost or expense arising from the use of this plan response or the information contained in it or the completeness or accuracy of such information. Use of such information is subject to and constitutes acceptance of these terms.

The plans are indicative and approximate only and provided without warranties of any kind, express or implied including in relation to accuracy, completeness, correctness, currency or fitness for purpose.

Urban Utilities takes no responsibility and accepts no liability for any loss, damage, costs or liability that may be incurred by any person acting in reliance on the information provided on the plans.

This plan should be used as guide only. Any dimensions should be confirmed on site by the relevant authority.

Based on or contains data provided by the State of Queensland (Department of Natural Resources and Mines) [2020]. In consideration of the State permitting the use of this data you acknowledge and agree that the State gives no warranty in relation to the data (including accuracy, liability in negligence) for any loss, damage or costs (including consequential damage) relating to any use of the data. Data must not be used for direct marketing or be used in breach of the privacy laws. © State of Queensland Department of Natural Resources and Mines [2020]

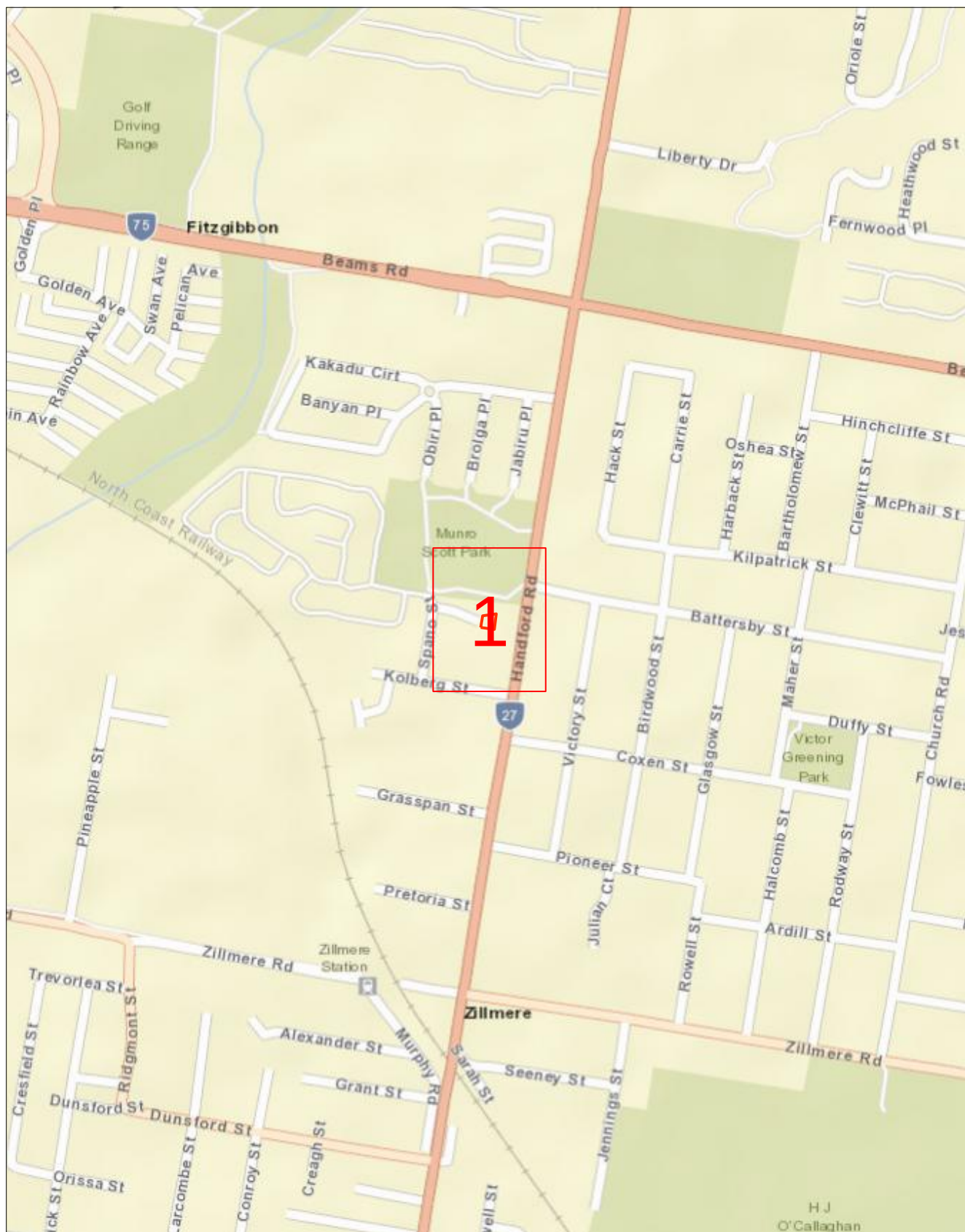
For further information, please call Urban Utilities on 13 26 57 (8am-6pm weekdays). Faults and emergencies 13 23 64 (24/7).

www.urbanutilities.com.au

ABN 86 673 835 011

Site 9 Daffodil CI
Address: Zillmere
QLD 4034

Sequence 274658927
Number:



Scale 1: 6000

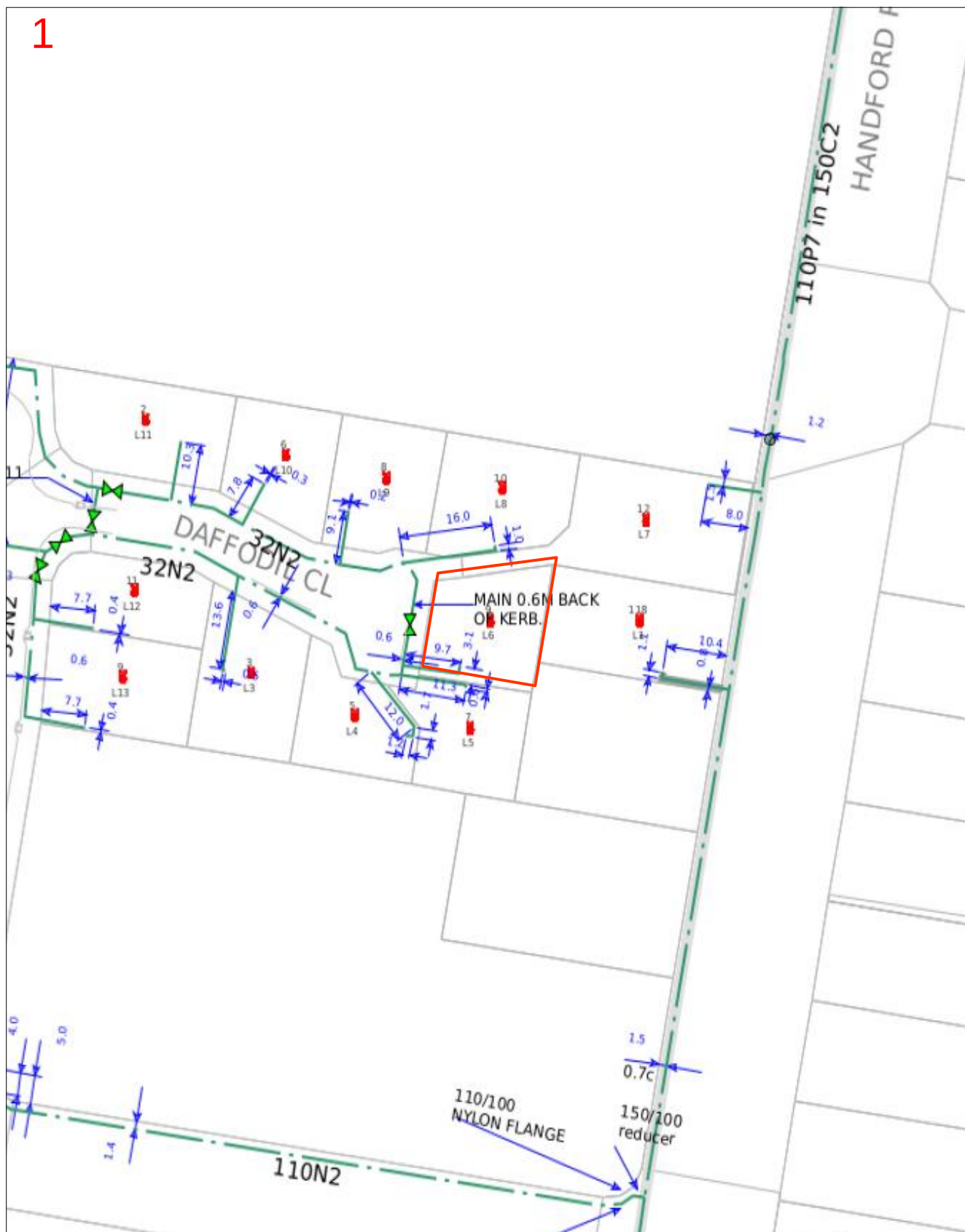
Map Sources: Esri, Garmin, HERE, FAO, NOAA, USGS,
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Enquiry Area

Map Key Area





Scale 1: 700

Map Sources: Esri, Garmin, HERE, FAO, NOAA, USGS,
© OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Enquiry Area

Map Key Area



Legend

PIPE LEGEND: GAS TYPE AND PRESSURE

	Low pressure	Medium pressure	High pressure	Transmission
Natural gas				
Natural gas – proposed				
LPG (yellow dash)	not applicable			not applicable
Hydrogen blended (aqua dash)	not applicable			not applicable

PIPE LEGEND: SPECIAL DESIGNATION

	Low pressure	Medium pressure	High pressure	Transmission
Critical main (yellow highlight)				
Casing (grey highlight)				not applicable

These designations typically apply to any pipe type and pressure

PIPE LEGEND: OTHER STATUS

Abandoned pipe	
Idle or inactive pipe	

ABBREVIATION

BoK	Back of kerb	FoK	Front of kerb
C	Depth of cover	NTI	Not tied in
CP	Cathodic protection		

OBJECT SYMBOLS

Valve		CP test station		Syphon	
Buried valve		CP anode		Marker	
Regulator station		CP bond wire		Part service ^A	
Gas connected property		CP rectifier terminal			

^AA live gas service terminated underground within the property boundary, available for future extension to the gas meter.

PIPE CODE AND MATERIAL

P*	Polyethylene (PE)	CU	Copper
P3	Polyvinyl chloride (PVC)	N2	Nylon
S*	Steel	W2	Wrought galv iron
C*	Cast iron	W3	PE coat wrought galv iron

INTERPRETATION EXAMPLE

	High pressure, 40 mm polyethylene in an 80 mm cast iron casing
	Medium pressure, 63 mm steel

Pipe diameter in millimetres is shown before pipe code.
40P6 = 40 mm nominal diameter

This map was created in colour and should be printed in colour



BYDA

Sequence: 274658929
Date: 17/06/2026
Scale: 1:500
Tile No: **Tile No: 1**

CAUTION - HIGH VOLTAGE

LEGEND

- Substation
- Cable Marker
- Pit
- Pole
- Pillar
- LV Cable (up to 1kV)
- HV Cable (1kV - <33kV)
- HV Cable (33kV and over)
- Pit Boundary
- Planned Work Area

AS5488 Category "D" Plan



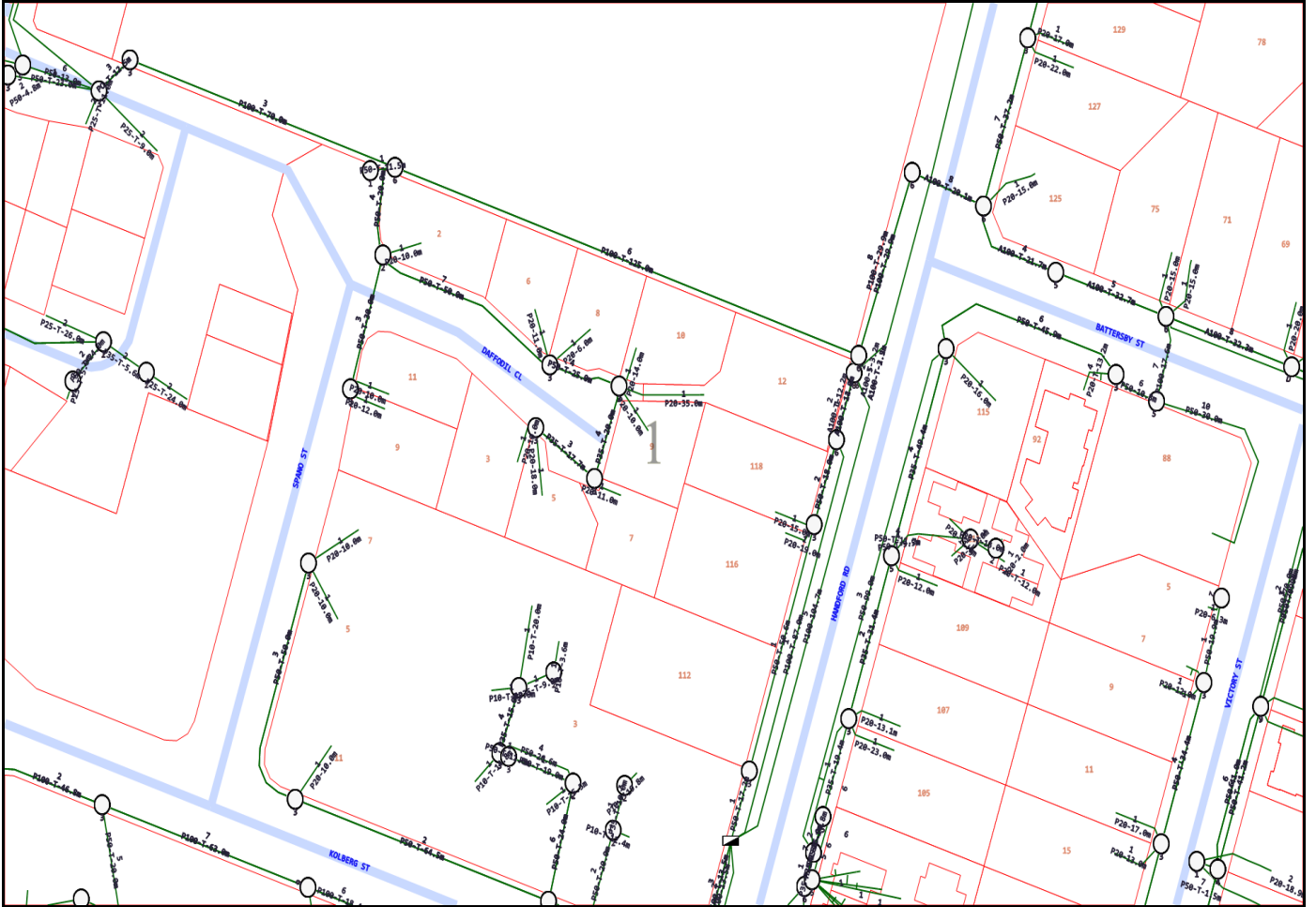
DISCLAIMER: While reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this plan response, neither Energex nor Pelican Corp shall have any liability whatsoever in relation to any loss, damage, cost or expense arising from the use of this plan response or the information contained in it or the completeness or accuracy of such information. Use of such information is subject to and constitutes acceptance of these terms.



LEGEND

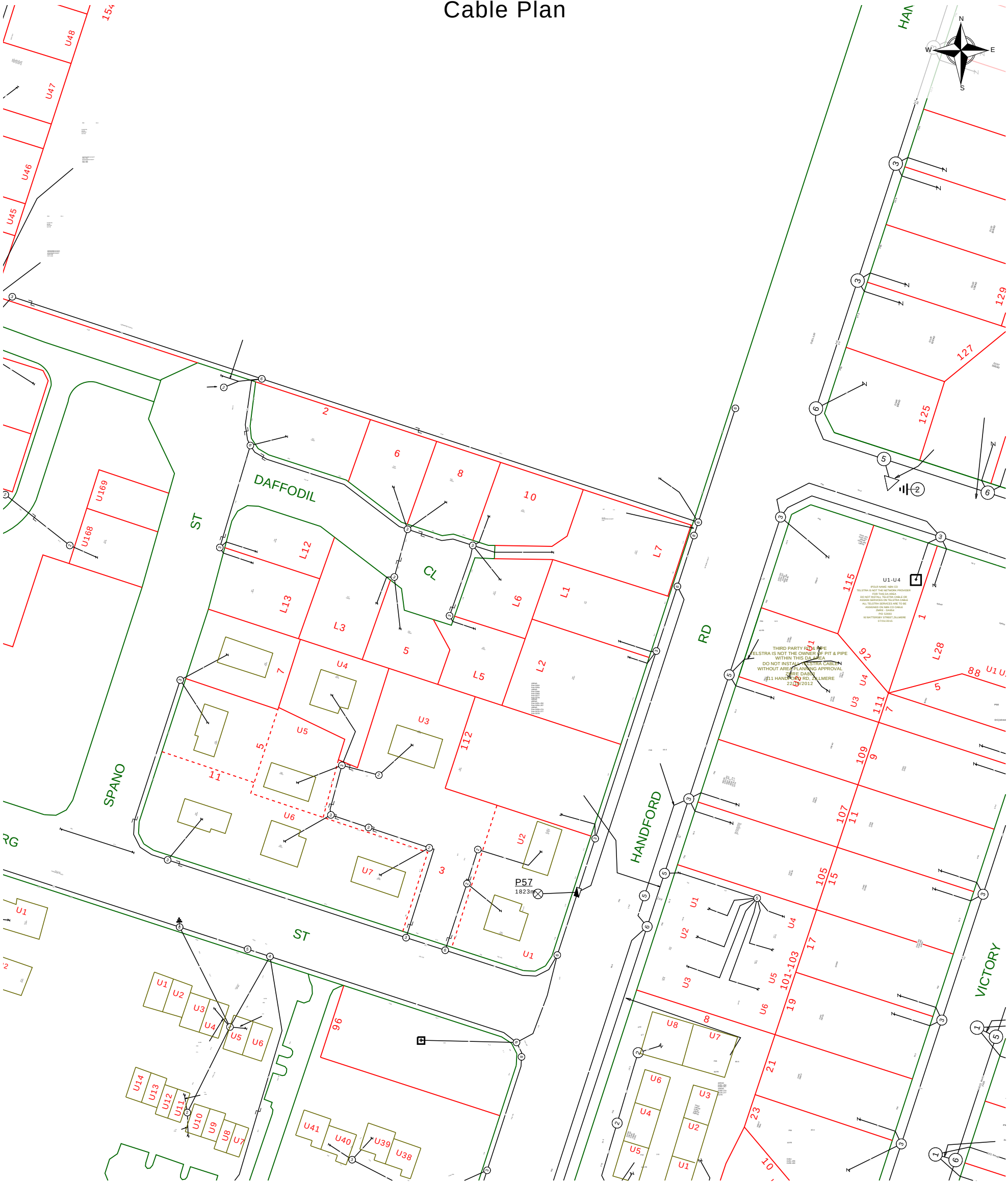


	Parcel and the location
	Pit with size "5"
	Power Pit with size "2E". Valid PIT Size: e.g. 2E, 5E, 6E, 8E, 9E, E, null.
	Manhole
	Pillar
	Cable count of trench is 2. One "Other size" PVC conduit (PO) owned by Telstra (-T-), between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 25.0m apart. One 40mm PVC conduit (P40) owned by NBN, between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 20.0m apart.
	2 Direct buried cables between pits of sizes, "5" and "9" are 10.0m apart.
	Trench containing any INSERVICE/CONSTRUCTED (Copper/RF/Fibre) cables.
	Trench containing only DESIGNED/PLANNED (Copper/RF/Fibre/Power) cables.
	Trench containing any INSERVICE/CONSTRUCTED (Power) cables.
	Road and the street name "Broadway ST"
Scale	0 20 40 60 Meters 1:2000 1 cm equals 20 m



You must immediately report any damage to the **nbn™** network that you are/become aware of. Notification may be by telephone - 1800 626 329.

Cable Plan



Report Damage: <https://service.telstra.com.au/customer/general/forms/report-damage-to-telstra->
Ph - 13 22 03
Email - Telstra.Plans@team.telstra.com
Planned Services - ph 1800 653 935 (AEST bus hrs only) General Enquiries

TELSTRA LIMITED A.C.N. 086 174 781
Generated On 17/06/2026 10:48:45

Sequence Number: 274658930

CAUTION: Fibre optic and/ or major network present in plot area. Please read the Duty of Care and contact InfraCo Plan Services should you require any assistance.

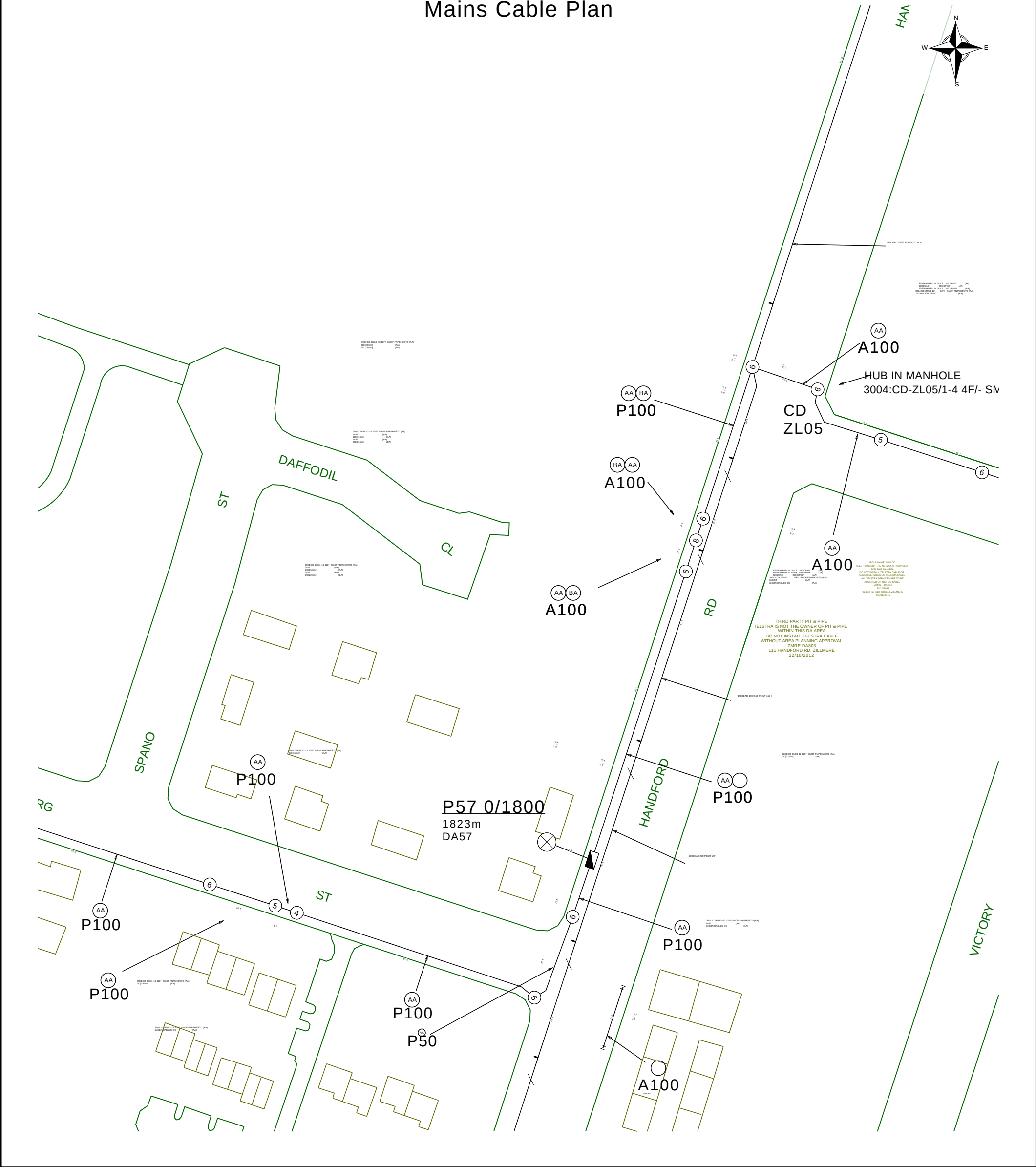
The above plan must be viewed in conjunction with the Mains Cable Plan on the following page

WARNING

Telstra plans and location information conform to Quality Level "D" of the Australian Standard AS 5488-Classification of Subsurface Utility Information. As such, Telstra supplied location information is indicative only. Spatial accuracy is not applicable to Quality Level D. Refer to AS 5488 for further details. The exact position of Telstra assets can only be validated by physically exposing it. Telstra does not warrant or hold out that its plans are accurate and accepts no responsibility for any inaccuracy. Further on site investigation is required to validate the exact location of Telstra plant prior to commencing construction work. A Certified Locating Organisation is an essential part of the process to validate the exact location of Telstra assets and to ensure the asset is protected during construction works.

See the Steps- Telstra Duty of Care that was provided in the email response.

Mains Cable Plan



	Report Damage: https://service.telstra.com.au/customer/general/forms/report-damage-to-telstra- Ph - 13 22 03 Email - Telstra.Plans@team.telstra.com Planned Services - ph 1800 653 935 (AEST bus hrs only) General Enquiries	Sequence Number: 274658930
TELSTRA LIMITED A.C.N. 086 174 781 Generated On 17/06/2026 10:48:46		CAUTION: Fibre optic and/ or major network present in plot area. Please read the Duty of Care and contact InfraCo Plan Services should you require any assistance.

The above plan must be viewed in conjunction with the Mains Cable Plan on the following page

WARNING

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See the Steps- Telstra Duty of Care that was provided in the email response.

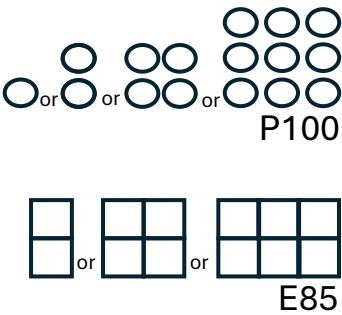
Page 2 of 2

LEGEND



	Lead-in terminates at a Customer Address
	Exchange Major Cable Present
	Pillar / Cabinet Above ground Free Standing
	Above ground Complex Equipment Please note: Powered by 240v electricity
OC	Other Carrier Telecommunication Cable/ Asset. Not Telstra Owned
DIST	Distribution cables in Main Cable Ducts
MC	Main Cable ducts on a Distribution Plan
	Blocked or Damaged Duct
	Footway Access Chamber (can vary between 1-lid to 12-lid)
	NBN Pillar
	Third Party Owned Network Non-Telstra

	Cable Joining Pit Number / Letter indicating Pit type/size
	Elevated Joint (above ground joint on buried cable)
	Telstra Plant in shared Utility trench
	Aerial cable / or cable on wall
	Aerial cable (attached to joint use Pole e.g., Power Pole)
	Marker Post Installed
	Buried Transponder
	Marker Post & Transponder
	Optical Fibre Cable Direct Buried
	Direct Buried Cable
	nbn owned network



Single to Multiple Round Conduit Configurations 1,2,4,9 respectively
(attached text denotes conduit type and size)

Multiple Square Conduit configurations 2,4,6 respectively
(attached text denotes conduit type and size)

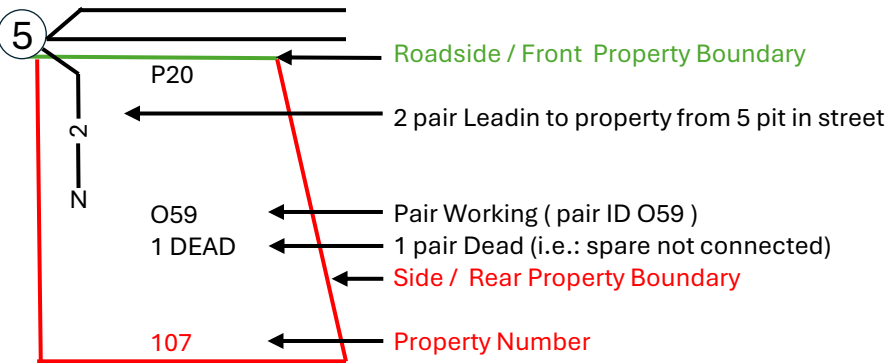
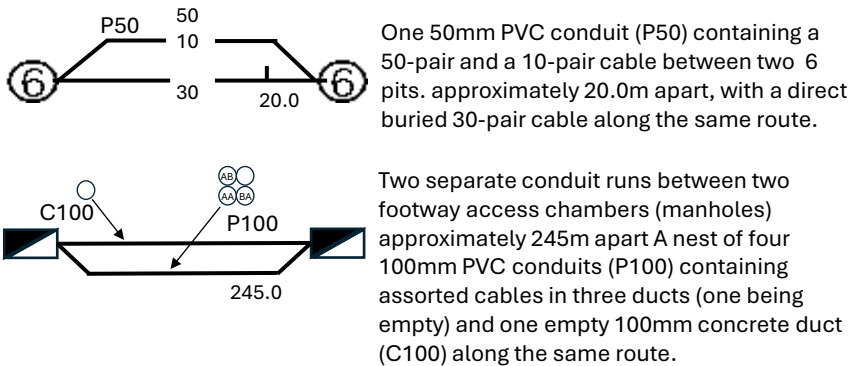
Some examples of conduit type and size:

A - Asbestos cement, P - PVC / Plastic, C - Concrete, GI - Galvanised Iron, E - Earthenware

Conduit sizes nominally range from 20mm to 100mm

P50 50mm PVC conduit
P100 100mm PVC conduit
A100 100mm asbestos cement conduit

Some Examples of how to read Telstra Plans



The 5 Ps of Safe Excavation

<https://www.byda.com.au/before-you-dig/best-practice-guides/>

Plan

Plan your job. Use the BYDA service at least one day before your job is due to begin, and ensure you have the correct plans and information required to carry out a safe project.

Prepare

Prepare by communicating with asset owners if you need assistance. Look for clues onsite. Engage a Certified Locator.

Pothole

Potholing is physically sighting the asset by hand digging or hydro vacuum extraction.

Protect

Protecting and supporting the exposed infrastructure is the responsibility of the excavator. Always erect safety barriers in areas of risk and enforce exclusion zones.

Proceed

Only proceed with your excavation work after planning, preparing, potholing (unless prohibited), and having protective measures in place.



Legend

-  Pit
-  Fibre Optic Cable / Conduit
-  Fibre Optic Cable / Telstra Conduit

Where Fibre Optic Cable is denoted as being in Telstra conduit, it is critical that no works commence within the area until you have received and appraised the applicable Telstra Duct Plans



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Scale: 1:1269
Expires: 15 Jul 2026

DISCLAIMER: While reasonable measures have been taken to ensure the accuracy of the information contained in this plan response, neither Torus Networks nor PelicanCorp shall have any liability whatsoever in relation to any loss, damage, cost or expense arising from the use of this plan response or the information contained in it or the completeness or accuracy of such information. Use of such information is subject to and constitutes acceptance of these terms.



Overview

Inspection Report

Provided By



BPP Inspections

13, warner, Queensland, 4500, Australia

P 0418741116

steve@bppinspections.com.au

www.bppinspections.com.au

Inspection Address

9 Daffodil Close, Zillmere, QLD



Report Information

Client Information

Client Name
Report Ordered By
Email
Total Fee

InsP-ection Information

Report/Agreement# 240626095551683
Inspection Date: 24 Jun 2026
Inspection Time: 09:55AM

Pest And Building InsP-ection

The Scope of the Inspection:

This report Complies with Australian Building Standards AS 4349.1-2007. Inspection of Buildings Part 1: Pre-Purchase Inspections-Residential Buildings- Appendix "C" and with AS 4349.3-2010 (Visual Timber Pest Inspection Report)

Only the purchaser name at the front page of the report "Client" should rely on this report. If this report has been issued to you by a third party. You are not to rely on its findings or contents and seek to obtain your own independent pre purchase inspection report as this report or its contents is non transferable.

The inspection WILL NOT report on items listed in Appendix "D" of AS4349.1.2007

If the property is part of a Strata or Company Title , then Appendix "B" of the Australian Standards applies.

Special Requirements:

Unless stated otherwise in the report It is acknowledged that there are no special requirements placed on this inspection that are outside the scope of the abovementioned Australian Standard.

Changes to the Pre Inspection Agreement:

Unless stated otherwise in the report It is acknowledged that if any inspection agreement is in place in respect to this inspection, no changes have been made between the scope of the pre-Inspection Agreement and the scope of this inspection report.

Please read the entire report. Refer to the terms & conditions as they form part of the report

Areas to be InsP-ected and Restrictions

The Building and the site including fencing that is up to 30 meters from the building and within the boundaries of the site. Where present and accessible, the Inspection shall include.

- (a) The interior of the building.
- (b) The roof space.
- (c) The exterior of the building
- (d) The sub-floor space
- (e) The roof exterior
- (f) The property within 30 m of the building subject to inspection.

Visual Inspection Only

This is a visual inspection only limited to those areas and sections of the property fully accessible and visible to the inspector on the date of inspection. The inspection did not include breaking apart, dismantling, removing or moving objects including, but not limited to, foliage, mouldings, roof insulation/ sisalation, floor or wall coverings, sidings, ceilings, floors, furnishings, appliances or personal possessions. The inspector cannot see inside walls, between floors, inside skillion roofing, behind stored goods in cupboards and other areas that are concealed or obstructed. The inspector did not dig, gouge, force or perform any other invasive procedures. Visible timbers cannot be destructively probed or hit without the written permission of the property owner.

Very Important note to the purchaser.

In the event that areas where access is restricted or not accessed structural defects, termite damage or activity may be present but not seen. Access should be provided and a follow up or re-Inspection should take place. This Inspection will be provided for you at no cost. Please consult with the vendor and request full access to restricted areas. This should be done prior to a decision to purchase.

Table of Contents

	1. SITE		8. KITCHEN & LAUNDRY
	2. ROOF AND GUTTER		9. ROOF VOID
	3. HOT WATER SYSTEM		10. CONCLUSION
	4. EXTERIOR		11. PROPERTY AND INSPECTION INFORMATION
	5. GARAGE - CARPORT		12. TIMBER PEST FINDINGS
	6. INTERIORS		13. CONDUCTIVE CONDITIONS
	7. BATHROOM(S)		14. OVERALL ASSESSMENT

Summary Of Major Defects And Safety Hazards

Below Is a summary of significant Items requiring immediate action.

The # denotes to the defect number in the report

Section	Location	Name	Comment
CONCLUSION	Condition Of Inspected Structure	The incidence of Major Defects	#5. The incidence of major defects in this residential building as compared with similar buildings is considered LOW
TIMBER PEST FINDINGS	3.4 Durable Notice	Was a Treatment Notice Found	#7. The durable notice of a building is a permanent sticker stating the method of long term termite treatment or barrier in place. This building has an expired chemical listed on the durable notice. It is then clearly reported by us, that there is no effective termite barrier in place, leaving the building susceptible to hidden termite entry. In this case we strongly recommend that you engage the services of a licensed pest control technician to access and undertake an assessment of the property, to determine the procedure and costs involved with the installation of the recommended method of barrier installation, and termite control method.

Summary Of Minor Defects

Below is a summary of defects other than Major defects.

The # denotes to the defect number in the report

Section	Location	Name	Comment
SITE	Fences & Gates	Overall Condition	#1. General age to fence components - Recommendations: General upkeep and maintenance. A qualified fencing contractor should be engaged for repairs
SITE	Surface Drainage	Drainage Findings	#2. The ground levels along the perimeter walls at the side of the home did not appear to fall away from the property walls sufficiently due to the natural landscape and contour. Recommendations: This will need to be assessed during a period of rainfall and if surface water appears to be entering the sub floor if applicable or ponding against the perimeter walls, engage a plumber or landscaper to assess and rectify as required. All drains should be regularly checked by a plumber and kept clean of debris to allow surface water to be carried away from the dwelling.
INTERIORS	Hallways	Overall Condition	#3. Age and deflection/ sagging visible to selected ceilings throughout. This puts excessive weight on the original fasteners of the ceiling. Additional support screws may be required in areas. Contact a lic plasterer to assess and repair. .
INTERIORS	Bedroom 1	Overall Condition	#4. Bedroom door binding when closed. Minor adjustments required. Contact a lic carpenter.
CONCLUSION	Condition Of Inspected Structure	The Incidence of Minor Defects	#6. The incidence of minor defects in this residential building as compared with similar buildings is considered TYPICAL



SITE

Fences & Gates

Overall Condition

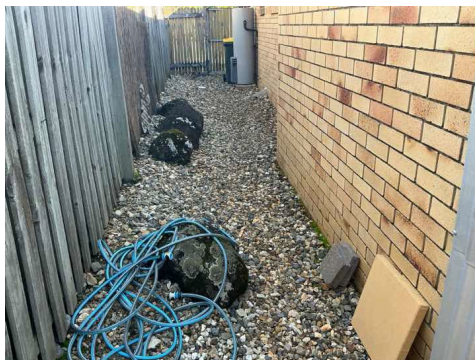
#1. General age to fence components - Recommendations: General upkeep and maintenance. A qualified fencing contractor should be engaged for repairs



Surface Drainage

Drainage Findings

#2. The ground levels along the perimeter walls at the side of the home did not appear to fall away from the property walls sufficiently due to the natural landscape and contour. Recommendations: This will need to be assessed during a period of rainfall and if surface water appears to be entering the sub floor if applicable or ponding against the perimeter walls, engage a plumber or landscaper to assess and rectify as required. All drains should be regularly checked by a plumber and kept clean of debris to allow surface water to be carried away from the dwelling.





ROOF AND GUTTER

Roof Covering

General Disclaimer

Refer to Section 2C of the Terms And conditions section of this report

Roof Covering Type

The roof is of concrete tiles.



Overall Condition

Of the visible areas, the general condition of the roof is in serviceable condition for the age.

Note: In the absence of rainfall there is no guarantee that the roof won't leak.



HOT WATER SYSTEM

Hot Water Unit

Hot Water Unit Findings

The hotwater unit gives an appearance of age and will likely require replacement in the foreseeable future.



System Location

The hot water unit is located outside.

System Type

The hot water unit is a gas storage system.

System Make

Everhot

System Year of Manufacture

Unable to ascertain.

Traditional storage tank water heaters have a life span of **around 10 years**. Tankless hot water systems such as instantaneous hot water systems can last up to 20 years.



EXTERIOR

Exterior Walls

General Disclaimer

Refer to Section 2D of the Terms And conditions section of this report

Exterior Wall Material

Brick



Condition

On visual inspection, the general condition of the exterior walls is serviceable for the age.

Alfresco Area

Overall Condition

Visible sections of the Alfresco area are serviceable or in reasonable or condition for the age of this dwelling.





GARAGE - CARPORT

Garaging

Overall Condition

Of accessible and visible areas, the garaging is considered to be in a serviceable condition.





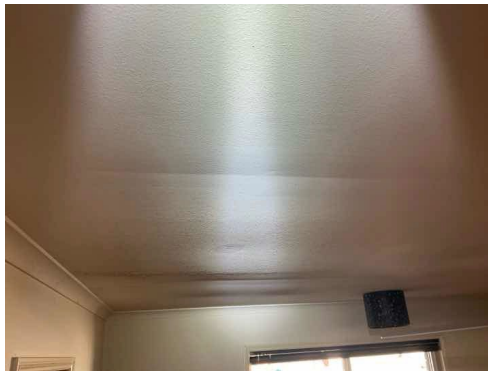
INTERIORS

Hallways

Overall Condition

#3. Age and deflection/ sagging visible to selected ceilings throughout. This puts excessive weight on the original fasteners of the ceiling.

Additional support screws may be required in areas. Contact a lic plasterer to assess and repair.



Lounge Room

Overall Condition

The lounge room is in serviceable condition with no notable structural defects sighted.



Dining Room

Overall Condition

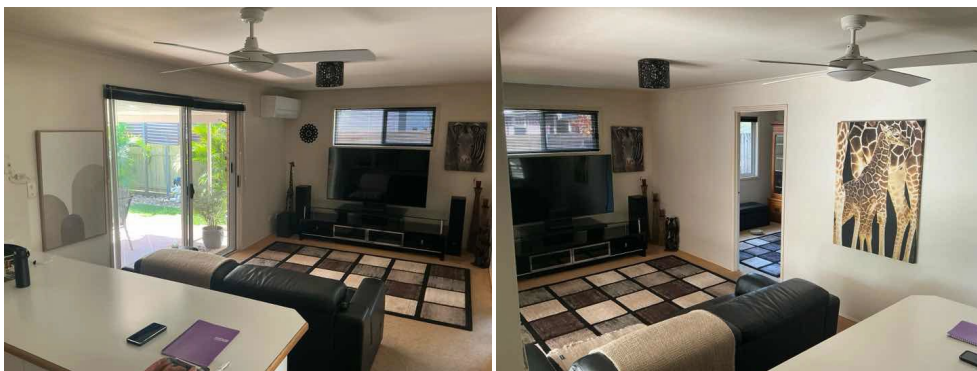
The dining room is in serviceable condition with no notable structural defects sighted.



Family Room

Overall Condition

The family room is in serviceable condition with no notable structural defects sighted.



Bedroom 1

Overall Condition

This bedroom is in serviceable condition with no notable structural defects sighted.

#4. Bedroom door binding when closed. Minor adjustments required. Contact a lic carpenter.



Bedroom 2

Overall Condition

This bedroom is in serviceable condition with no notable structural defects sighted.



Bedroom 3

Overall Condition

This bedroom is in serviceable condition with no notable structural defects sighted.





BATHROOM(S)

Bathroom 1

Location

Hall



Overall Condition

Of the visible areas, the general condition of this bathroom is serviceable or in reasonable condition for age of dwelling.

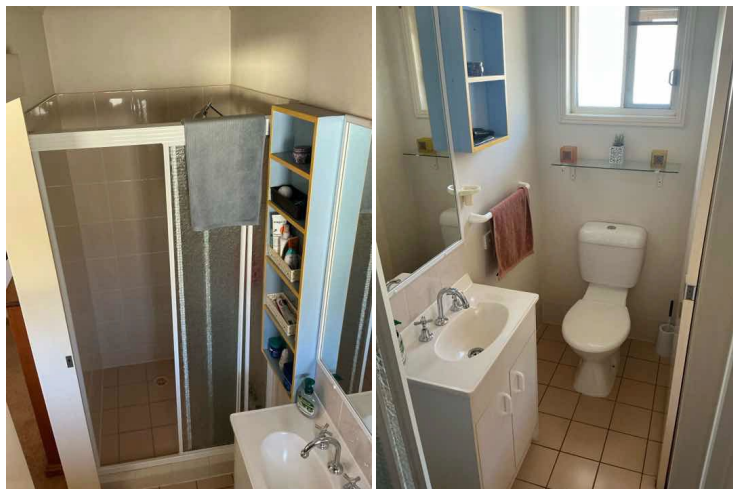
NOTE

All Shower areas are visually checked for leakage, but leaks often do not show except when the shower is in actual long-term use. Determining whether shower areas, bath/shower surrounds are watertight is beyond the scope of this inspection. It is very important to maintain adequate sealing in the bath areas. Very minor imperfections can allow water to get into the wall or floor areas and cause damage. Adequate and proper ongoing maintenance will be required in the future.

Bathroom 2

Location

Master bedroom



Overall Condition

Of the visible areas, the general condition of this bathroom is serviceable or in reasonable condition for age of dwelling.



KITCHEN & LAUNDRY

Kitchen and Meals Area

Overall Condition

Of the visible areas, the general condition is serviceable or in reasonable condition for age of dwelling.



Laundry Findings

General Disclaimer

Laundry appliances are not tested or moved during the inspection and the condition of any walls or flooring hidden by them cannot be judged. Drain lines and water supply valves serving washing machines are not operated.

Overall Condition

Of the visible areas, the general condition of the laundry is serviceable.





ROOF VOID

Roof Void Findings

General Disclaimer

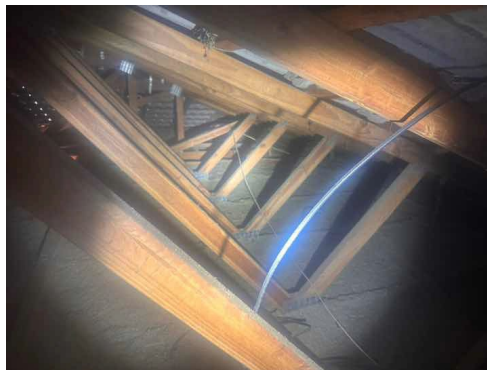
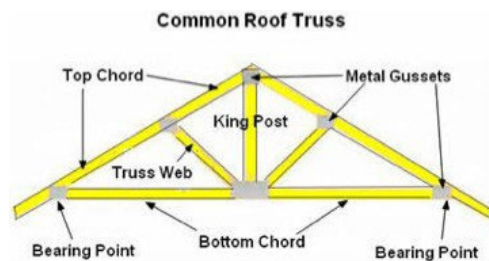
Please refer to section 2B of the Terms And Conditions section of this report.

Restricted Areas

The low pitch design and insulation restricted the ability to inspect the ceiling void adequately. Best was done from the access available. For a full inspection of the ceiling cavity, areas of roof cladding and insulation would require removal.

Roof Frame Type

The roof frame is a truss timber frame.



Overall Condition

Visible sections of the roof void is in a serviceable condition for age of this dwelling.

Insulation

Type

The roof space is insulated with loose fill insulation.

**Condition**

Where visible and accessible, the insulation appears to be in a serviceable condition.

Sarking

There is no sarking installed. Sarking is the layer of reflective film material installed during construction underneath the roofing material. It provides a moisture barrier and minimal insulation. The installation of sarking is not a building requirement.





CONCLUSION

Condition Of Inspected Structure

Overall Condition

The overall condition of this building has been compared to similar constructed buildings of approximately the same age where those buildings have had a maintenance program implemented to ensure that the building members are still fit for purpose.

The summary lists of Major and Minor defects included this report are the opinion of the inspector, other inspectors or individuals may have a different opinion to what is a Minor or a Major Defect

The incidence of major and minor defects and overall condition in this residential building as compared with similar buildings is listed below.

Please refer to the **TERMS AND CONDITIONS** section of this report for definition

The incidence of Major Defects

#5. The incidence of major defects in this residential building as compared with similar buildings is considered **LOW**

The Incidence of Minor Defects

#6. The incidence of minor defects in this residential building as compared with similar buildings is considered **TYPICAL**

The Overall Condition Of This Dwelling

The overall condition of this residential dwelling in the context of its age, type and general expectations of similar properties is **AVERAGE**





PROPERTY AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

Weather at Inspection Area

Weather Conditions

The weather was Fine and Dry at the time of the building inspection.

Property Information

Direction House Faces

The dwelling faces West for the purposes of this inspection report.

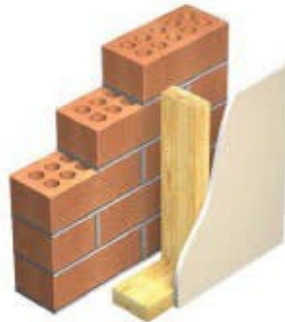
Building Type

The dwelling is a Residential House.

Construction Type

The wall cladding is Brick. With Gypsum internal wall lining. (Brick Veneer)

BRICK VENEER WALL



Roof Cladding

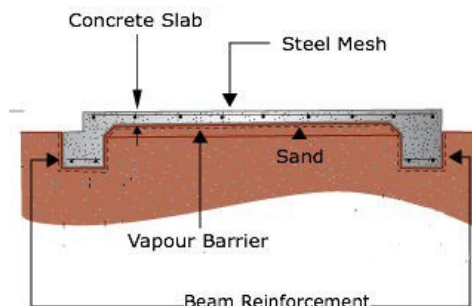
Tile roofing

Roof Design

The roof is a Pitched roof design.

Footings Type

Slab On Ground Footing Construction.



Storeys

Single level dwelling

Property Occupied

The property is occupied by the owner.

Property Furnished

The home was Fully Furnished

People Present

The Estate Agent was present.

The Client was present.

Utility Status**Water**

The water was Connected. All plumbing pipe installation should be assessed by a licensed plumber.

Electricity

Electricity to the dwelling was connected. Note: We do not carry out electrical inspections for wiring or safety. This must be carried out by a licensed electrician and I recommend you have all electrical wiring and components assessed by a licensed electrician.

**Gas**

The gas was connected at time of inspection





TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The purpose of the inspection is to identify the major defects and safety hazards associated with the property at the time of the inspection. The inspection and reporting is limited to a visual assessment of the building members in accord with appendix C AS4349.1-2007. This is a general appraisal only and cannot be relied on its own, further inspections by specialist trades is strongly recommended.

DEFINITIONS AND TERMINOLOGY

SERVICEABLE: The building material or component is in reasonable or serviceable condition for the age of the dwelling.

TRADESMAN: A defect or a number of defects were visible that will require assessment by a qualified trades person.

AGE: The component has deterioration due to ageing or lack of upkeep and or maintenance.

MONITOR: Some defects may require monitoring to ascertain if the defect will worsen, reappear or cause further problems.

STRATA - In the case of strata and company title properties, the inspection is limited to the interior and immediate exterior of the particular unit being inspected. This report does NOT include review of body corporate or similar records.

HIGH: The frequency and/or magnitude of defects are beyond the inspector's expectations when compared to similar buildings of approximately the same age that have been reasonably well maintained.

TYPICAL: The frequency and/or magnitude of defects are consistent with the inspector's expectations when compared to similar buildings of approximately the same age which have been reasonably well maintained.

LOW: The frequency and/or magnitude of defects are lower than the inspector's expectations when compared to similar buildings of approximately the same age that have been reasonably well maintained.

ABOVE AVERAGE: The overall condition is above that consistent with dwellings of approximately the same age and construction. Most items and areas are well maintained and show a reasonable standard of workmanship when compared with buildings of similar age and construction.

AVERAGE: The overall condition is consistent with dwellings of approximately the same age and construction. There will be areas or items requiring some repair or maintenance.

BELOW AVERAGE: The building and its parts show some significant defects and/or very poor non- tradesman like workmanship and/or long term neglect and/or defects requiring major repairs or reconstruction of major building.

SIGNIFICANT ITEMS: An item that must be reported in accordance with the scope of the inspection.

MAJOR DEFECT: A defect of sufficient magnitude requiring building works to avoid unsafe conditions, loss of function or further worsening of the defective item.

MINOR DEFECT: Any defect other than what is described as a Significant Item or major defect.

SAFETY HAZARD: A defect that presents unsafe conditions and must be reported as a Major defect.

ACCESSIBLE AREA: Is any area of the property and structures allowing the inspector safe and reasonable access within the scope of the inspection.

LIMITATION: A factor that prevents full or proper inspection of the building.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Important information regarding the scope and limitations of the inspection and this report. Any person who relies upon the contents of this report does so acknowledging that the following clauses which define the scope and limitations of the inspection, form an integral part of the report.

The inspection comprised a visual assessment of the property to identify major defects and to form an opinion regarding the general condition of the property at the time and date of the visual inspection. An estimate of the cost of rectification of defects is outside the scope of Australian Standard AS 4349 and does not form part of this report. If the property inspected is part of a Strata or Company Title, then the inspection is limited to the interior and the immediate exterior of that particular residential dwelling. The inspection does not cover common property. This report and any other attached report should not be relied upon if the contract for sale becomes binding more than 30 days after the date of initial inspection. A re- inspection after this time is essential. Further, this report is not intended to be used as a marketing tool by and realestate agents and only the person named in the *CLIENT INFORMATION* section of the report shall this report apply to as it is assumed and agreed that the person who orders the report is indeed the person purchasing the property inspected. Where a report is ordered on behalf of a *CLIENT* it is assumed that the terms and condition and Pre Inspection Agreement have been fully explained to the *CLIENT* by the person or company ordering the report.

We strongly advise that any cracking reported in this report should be referred to a structural engineer for further assessment and advice.

Acceptance Criteria: The building shall be compared with a building that was constructed in accordance with the generally accepted practice at the time of construction and which has been maintained such that there has been no significant loss of strength and serviceability.

Limitations: This report is limited to a visual inspection of areas where safe and reasonable access is available and access permitted on the date and at the time of inspection. The Inspection will be carried out in accordance with AS4349.1-2007. The purpose of the inspection is to provide advice to a prospective purchaser regarding the condition of the property at the date and time of inspection. Areas for Inspection shall cover all safe and accessible areas. It does not purport to be geological as to foundation integrity or soil conditions, engineering as to structural, nor does it cover the condition of electrical, plumbing, gas or motorised appliances. It is strongly recommended that an appropriately qualified contractor check these services prior to purchase. As a matter of course, and in the interests of safety, all prospective purchasers should have an electrical report carried out by a suitably qualified contractor. This report is limited to (unless otherwise noted) the main structure on the site and any other building, structure or outbuilding within 30m of the main structure and within the site boundaries including fences.

Safe and Reasonable Access: Only areas to which safe and reasonable access is available were inspected. The Australian Standard AS4349.1 defines reasonable access as "areas where safe, unobstructed access " is provided and the minimum clearances specified below are available, or where these clearances are not available, areas within the inspector's unobstructed line of sight and within arm's length. Reasonable access does not include removing screws and bolts to access covers. Reasonable access does not include the use of destructive or invasive inspection methods and does not include cutting or making access traps or moving heavy furniture, floor coverings or stored goods.

Roof Interior- Access opening = 400 x 500 mm - Crawl Space = 600 x 600mm - Height accessible from a 3.6m ladder.

Roof Exterior- Must be accessible from a 3.6m ladder placed on the ground.

1) NOT A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE: This report is not an all encompassing report dealing with the building from every aspect. It is a reasonable attempt to identify any obvious or significant defects apparent at the time of the inspection. Whether or not, a defect is considered significant or not depends too a large extent, upon the age and type of the building inspected. This report is not a certificate of compliance with the requirements of any act, regulation, ordinance or by-law. It is not a structural report. Should you require any advice of a structural nature you should contact a structural engineer.

2) VISUAL INSPECTION: This is a visual inspection only limited to those areas and sections of the property fully accessible and visible to the inspector on the date of inspection.

2A) Please refer to each individual area regarding sections that were incapable or being inspected. Please acknowledge the following. Where a complete inspection of some areas listed through the report may not have been physically possible (due to but not limited to - storage, furniture, beds, personal belongings in cupboards and/or wardrobes, the 2nd storey roofing, gutters, fascia, flashings and the like, low clearance in sub floor or roof void areas, ducts and deep insulation restricting access in roof voids, sub floor restrictions including plumbing, ducts, low clearance, no access doors or access doors too small and the like) then it follows that defects, timber pest activity and/or damage may exist in these areas. To adequately inspect these restricted areas, ducts and floor boards may need to be removed, furniture moved, cupboards and wardrobes emptied which will be difficult to carry out. This will obviously be difficult to carry out due to time restrictions and permission would need to be obtained from the property owner.

This Firm DOES NOT GUARANTEE IN ANY WAY that there ARE OR ARE NOT any defects, termite damage or live termites in any areas NOT ABLE to be inspected. To obtain a full understanding of the report findings, it is essential you read the entire inspection report, including the information sections at the end of this report and I encourage you to call me if you have any queries at all before purchasing the inspected dwelling.

2B) Entering attics or roof voids that are heavily insulated can cause damage to the insulation and attic framing. Attics with deep insulation cannot be safely inspected due to limited visibility of the framing members upon which the inspector must walk. In such cases, the attic is only partially accessed, thereby limiting the review of the attic area from the hatch area only. Inspectors will not crawl the attic area when they believe it is a danger to them or that they might damage the attic insulation or framing. There is a limited review of the attic area viewed from the hatch only in these circumstances.

2C) The roof covering will not be walked upon if in the opinion of the inspector it is not safe to do so. Generally issues that prevent roof access include, access height over 3 metres, steep pitch, wet/slippery surfaces, deteriorated covering. Not being able to walk a roof significantly limits our inspection which can result in hidden defects going undetected. The overall condition of the roofing and its components is an opinion of the general quality and condition of the roofing material. The inspector cannot and does not offer an opinion or warranty as to whether the roof leaks or may be subject to future leakage. This report is issued in consideration of the foregoing disclaimer. The only way to determine whether a roof is absolutely water tight is to observe it during a prolonged rainfall. Many times, this situation is not present during the inspection. We offer no guarantee that the roof cladding or roof components such as flashing will not leak in the future.

2D) Limitations of the exterior inspection. This is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions: A representative sample of exterior components was inspected rather than every occurrence of components. The inspection does not include an assessment of geological, geotechnical, or hydrological conditions, or environmental hazards. Screening, shutters, awnings, or similar seasonal accessories, fences, recreational facilities, outbuildings, seawalls, break-walls, docks, erosion control and earth stabilization measures are not inspected unless specifically agreed-upon and documented in this report. Please note - If any wall cracking/cracks/openings are found at this dwelling, we cannot offer any guarantee that any visible wall cracks will not widen or lengthen over time or in the future as this is impossible to predict. We strongly recommend you contact a practicing structural engineer for further advice.

2E) Timber framed windows can bind or stick. This can be seasonal due to the fluctuation in moisture content in timber. If binding or sticking continues minor adjustments may be required by a carpenter. Binding windows is not normally a major defect, however in some circumstances binding windows and doors can be directly related to some differential footings settlement. If any timber fungal decay on frames or deteriorated putty seals is noted, the consultant will not attempt to operate windows due to potential damage. Windows that are sticking, binding or paint stuck will also not be forced open. Water leaks to Windows and surrounds can not be determined in the absence of rain.

2F) Internal Inspections. Inspection to the upper-side of flooring of the internal inspection is normally restricted by carpets and or other floor coverings, cupboards/cabinets, joinery, finishes and fittings. Defects or timber pest damage may be present and not detected in areas where inspection was limited, obstructed or access was not gained. The condition of walls behind wall coverings, paneling and furnishings cannot be inspected or reported on. Only the general condition of visible areas is included in this inspection.

Where fitted. Wood burning and other forms of fireboxes are outside the scope of this inspection. We recommend you have these tested prior to purchase for peace of mind.

2G) Important note: Where any elevated structure (deck, balcony, veranda etc) is present, and this elevated structure is designed to accommodate people, you must have this structure checked by an engineer or other suitably qualified person. You should also arrange annual inspections of the structure by an engineer or other suitably qualified person to ensure any maintenance that may become necessary is identified. Care must be taken not to overload the structure. Nothing contained in this inspection should be taken as an indicator that we have assessed any elevated structure as suitable for any specific number of people or purpose. This can only be done by a qualified engineer. For the purpose of this report, the structure includes elevated decks, verandas, pergolas, balconies, handrails, stairs and children's play areas. Where any structural component of such a structure is concealed by lining materials or other obstructions, these linings or obstructions must be removed to enable an evaluation to be carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

3) **CONCEALED DEFECTS:** This report does not and cannot make comment upon: Defects that may have been concealed the assessment or detection of defects (including rising damp and leaks) which may be subject to the prevailing weather conditions whether or not services have been used for some time prior to the inspection and whether this will affect the detection of leaks or other defects (eg. In the case of shower enclosures and bath tubs, the absence of any leaks or dampness at the time of the inspection does not necessarily mean that the enclosure will not leak after use) the presence or absence of timber pests; gas-fittings; common property areas; environmental concerns; the proximity of the property to flight paths, railways, or busy traffic; noise levels; health and safety issues; heritage concerns; security concerns; fire protection; site drainage (apart from surface water drainage); swimming pools and spas (non-structural); detection and identification of illegal building work; detection and identification of illegal plumbing work; durability of exposed finishes; neighborhood problems; document analysis; electrical installation; any matters that are solely regulated by statute; any area(s) or item(s) that could not be inspected by the consultant.

4) **NO GUARANTEE:** Accordingly this report is not a guarantee that defects and/or damage does not exist in any inaccessible or partly inaccessible areas or sections of the property. Such matters may upon request be covered under the terms of a special purpose property report.

5) **SWIMMING POOLS:** Swimming pools/spas are not part of the standard building report under as4349.1-2007 And are not covered by this report. We strongly recommend a pool expert should be consulted to examine the pool and the pool equipment and plumbing as well as the requirements to meet the standard for pool fencing. Failure to conduct this inspection and put into place the necessary recommendations could result in finds for non compliance under the legislation.

6) **SURFACE WATER AND DRAINAGE:** The retention of water from surface run off could have an effect on the foundation material which in turn could affect the footings to the house. Best practice is to monitor the flow of surface water and storm water run off and have the water directed away from the house or to storm water pipes by a licensed drainage plumber. The general adequacy of site drainage is not included in the standard property inspection report. Comments on surface water drainage are limited as where there has been either little or no rainfall for a period of time, surface water drainage may appear to be adequate but then during periods of heavy rain, may be found to be inadequate. Any comments made in this report are relevant only to the conditions present at the time of inspection. It is recommended that a smoke test be obtained to determine any illegal connections, blocked or broken drains.

7) **SHOWER RECESSES:** Tests may be made on shower recesses to detect leaks (if water is connected). The tests may not reveal leaks or show incorrect waterproofing if silicone liquid or masonry sealant has been applied prior to the inspection. Such application is a temporary waterproofing measure and may last for some months before breaking down. The tests on the shower recesses are limited to running water within the recesses and visually checking for leaks. As showers are only checked for a short period of time, prolonged use may reveal leaks that were not detected at the time of inspection. No evidence of a current leak during inspection does not necessarily mean that the shower does not leak.

8) **GLASS CAUTION:** Glazing in older houses (built before 1978) may not necessarily comply with current glass safety standards AS1288. In the interests of safety, glass panes in doors and windows especially in trafficable areas should be replaced with safety glass or have shatterproof film installed unless they already comply with the current standard.

9) **STAIRS AND BALUSTRADES:** Specifications have been laid down by the Australian Building Code – Section 3.9 covering stairs, landings, balustrades to ensure the safety of all occupants and visitors in a building. Many balustrades and stairs built before 1996 may not comply with the current standard. You must upgrade all such items to the current standard to improve safety.

10) **RETAINING WALLS:** Where retaining walls are more than 700mm high these wall/s should have been installed with engineering design and supervision. Walls found on the site were not assessed and the performance of these walls is not the subject of a standard property report and should be further investigated with regard to the following items, adequate drainage systems, adequate load bearing, correct component sizing and batter.

11) **ROOMS BELOW GROUND LEVEL:** If there are any rooms under the house or below ground level (whether they be habitable or non-habitable rooms), these may be subject to dampness and water penetration. Drains are not always installed correctly or could be blocked. It is common to have damp problems and water entry into these types of rooms, especially during periods of heavy rainfall and this may not be evident upon initial inspection. These rooms may not have council approval. The purchaser should make their own enquiries with the Council to ascertain if approval was given.

12) **ASBESTOS DISCLAIMER :** No inspection for asbestos was carried out at the property and no report on the presence or absence of asbestos is provided.

13) **MOULD** (mildew and non-wood decay fungi) disclaimer: Mildew and non wood decay fungi is commonly known as mould. However, mould and their spores may cause health problems or allergic reactions such as asthma and dermatitis in some people. No inspection for mould was carried out at the property and no report on the presence or absence of mould is provided.

14) **MAGNESITE DISCLAIMER:** No inspection for magnesite flooring was carried out at the property and no report on the presence or absence of magnesite flooring is provided. You should ask the owner whether magnesite flooring is present and/or seek advice from a structural engineer.

15) **ESTIMATING DISCLAIMER:** No estimate is provided in this report. We strongly recommend you obtain quotes for repairs from licensed tradesman prior to a decision to purchase.

16) **DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY:** No liability shall be accepted on an account of failure of the report to notify any problems in the area(s) or section(s) of the subject property physically inaccessible for inspection, or to which access for inspection is denied by or to the inspector (including but not limited to or any area(s) or section(s) so specified by the report) Compensation will only be payable for losses arising in contract or tort sustained by the client named on the front of this report. Compensation is limited to the price of the report initially paid by the claimant named in the report as the "*CLIENT*"

17) **DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY TO THIRD PARTIES:** Compensation will only be payable for losses arising in contract or tort sustained by the Client named on the front of this report. Any third party acting or relying on this Report, in whole or in part, does so entirely at their own risk.

18) **COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE:** In the event of any dispute or claim arising out of, or relating to the Inspection or the Report, or any alleged negligent act or omission on Our part or on the part of the individual conducting the Inspection, either party may give written Notice of the dispute or claim to the other party. If the dispute is not resolved within twenty one (21) days from the service of the written Notice then either party may refer the dispute or claim to a mediator nominated by Us. The cost shall be met equally by both parties or as agreed as part of the mediated settlement. Should the dispute or claim not be resolved by mediation then one or other of the parties may refer the dispute or claim to the Institute of Arbitrators and Mediators of Australia who will appoint an Arbitrator who will resolve the dispute by arbitration. The Arbitrator will also determine what costs each of the parties are to pay.

OTHER RECOMMENDED INSPECTIONS

Electrical installation: All electrical wiring, meter-box and appliances need to be checked by a qualified electrician. The inspection of any electrical item is outside the scope of this report.

Plumbing: All plumbing needs to be inspected and reported on by a plumber.

Hot water service: All hot water services need to be inspected and reported on by a plumber and/or electrician.

Gas: All gas services need to be inspected and reported on by a gas plumber.

Phone: All phones, phone lines and outlets need to be inspected and reported on by a telecommunications technician.

Smoke Alarm: Australian standard AS3786 advises that smoke alarms are required for all buildings where people sleep. It is recommended that an electrician be consulted to give advice on those installed or to install smoke alarms.

The septic tanks: Should be inspected by a licensed plumber.

Trees: Where trees are too close to the house this could affect the performance of the footing as the moisture levels change in the ground.

Contact the inspector

Please feel free to contact the inspector who carried out this inspection. Often it is very difficult to fully explain situations, problems, access difficulties, building faults or their importance in a manner that is readily understandable by the reader. Should you have any difficulty in understanding anything contained within this report then you should immediately contact the inspector and have the matter explained to you. If you have any questions at all or require any clarification then contact the inspector prior to acting on this report.



TIMBER PEST INSPECTION

Please note that this inspection and report was a Visual only inspection to the readily accessible areas of the property as defined within the terms and conditions of this report.

Please ensure that you read all sections of the report as well as the additional information at the rear of the report and understand the limitations and the special recommendations for this construction style. If there is something you do not understand or require further clarification. Please contact the Inspector.

IMPORTANT NOTE:

The Client acknowledges that, unless stated otherwise, the Client as a matter of urgency should implement any recommendation or advice given in this Report.

The Summary is not the Report. The following Report must be read in full in conjunction with the Summary. If there is a discrepancy between the information provided in the Summary and that contained within the body of the Report, the information in the body of the Report shall override the Summary.



TIMBER PEST FINDINGS

3. Subterranean Termites

Were Active or Live Termites Visible

No. Of the visible and accessible areas inspected, there were no visible termites found at the time of the inspection.

3.2 Subterranean Termite Damage or workings

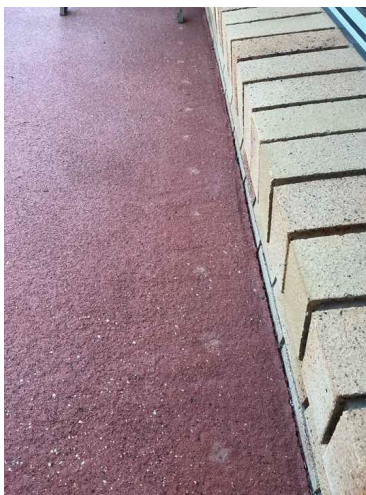
Any workings or damage found

No. Of the visible and accessible areas inspected, no termite working or timber damage found at the time of the inspection.

3.3 Any Evidence of a Previous Termite Treatment

Any Evidence of previous Treatments Found

Yes, Drill Holes (Chemical Treatment) was seen at the property



3.4 Durable Notice

Was a Treatment Notice Found

#7. The durable notice of a building is a permanent sticker stating the method of long term termite treatment or barrier in place. This building has an expired chemical listed on the durable notice. It is then clearly reported by us, that there is no effective termite barrier in place, leaving the building susceptible to hidden termite entry.

In this case we strongly recommend that you engage the services of a licensed pest control technician to access and undertake an assessment of the property, to determine the procedure and costs involved with the installation of the recommended method of barrier installation, and termite control method.

3.5 Timber Fungal Decay - Rot

Evidence of Wood Decay Fungi -Rot

Yes, in the following areas ,

Timber Fence ,

Garden Timbers and mulch excessive timber rot present.

Extent of Damage Caused by Rot

Moderate Damage

3.6 Borer Findings

Was Visible Evidence of Borer Found

No

CONDUCTIVE CONDITIONS

4.2 Moisture Readings

Was there any Excessive Moisture Readings

At the time of the inspection, our electronic moisture meter readings were normal.

Equipment Of Moisture detection used

Tramex Encounter Moisture Meter

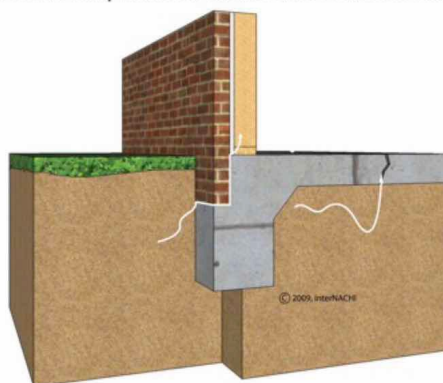
4.4 Slab Edge Exposure

Is the Slab Edge adequately Exposed

An infill slab design is where the slab edge is hidden behind the brickwork. Hidden and undetected termite entry can occur between the slab edge and the back of the bricks. We cannot inspect the slab edge in this case and can offer no guarantee termite entry has not occurred.

This is the area that the chemical treatment is required to protect.

Possible Entry Points for Termites into Monolithic Slab



5. Ant Capping and Termite Shields

The Termite Shields Appear To Be

This building has no cavity protection from concealed termite entry. A perimeter chemical soil treatment is the only method to protect the building against termite attack. Ensure that a termite chemical treatment is installed and kept within its expiry date with regular inspections being carried out.

Do not garden or dig around the direct building perimeter without consulting a lic pest control technician.

6. Areas Found Conducive To Termite Infestation

Conducive Areas Requiring Amendments

Poor drainage - There is water ponding against walls. This provides conducive conditions for termite infestation. The degree of risk is high. Engage plumber to rectify.

Remove the gardens away from the building as far as practicable. Gardens create favourable conditions for termites to live close to the building edge.

Timberfence posts are in ground contact around the building.



OVERALL ASSESSMENT

9. Overall Assessment of Property

Degree of Risk of Termite Infestation is

The overall degree of risk of timber pest infestation to this property appears to be extremely high - See notes below.

The overall degree of risk of timber pest infestation is a subjective assessment by the inspector at the time of the inspection taking into account many factors which include but are in no way limited to location and proximity to bush land and trees, the presence of evidence of timber pest damage or activity close to the inspected structure or within the inspected structure, conducive conditions that raise the potential of timber pest attack such as timbers in contact with soil, inaccessible areas, slab on ground construction etc, or other factors that in the inspectors opinion, raise the risk of future timber pest attack. It should be noted that even if a risk factor is high, this is not meant to deter a purchaser from purchasing the property, it is just to make them aware that increased vigilance is warranted and any recommendations regarding reducing conducive conditions or frequency of inspections should be headed by any property owner. Often, by reducing or eliminating some of the conducive conditions, the risk factor may be lowered.

10. Subterranean Termite Treatment Recommendation

Treatment Recommendation

A management program in accord with AS 3660-2000 to protect against subterranean termites is considered to be: ESSENTIAL

11. Future Inspections

Recommended Inspection Intervals

6 Months.

12. General Remarks

Please Read

Please read: A more thorough invasive inspection is available. Where any current visible evidence of timber pest activity is found it is strongly recommended that a more invasive inspection is performed. Trees on the property up to a height of 2m have been visually inspected, where possible and practicable, for evidence of termite activity. It is very difficult, and generally impossible to locate termite nests since they are underground and evidence in trees is usually well concealed. We therefore strongly recommend that you arrange to have trees test drilled for evidence of termite nests.

Important maintenance advice regarding integrated pest management for protecting against timber pests

Any structure can be attacked by timber pests. Periodic maintenance should include measures to minimize possibilities of infestation in and around a property. Factors which may lead to infestation from timber pests include situations where the edge of the concrete slab is covered by soil or garden debris, filled areas, areas with less than 400mm clearance, foam insulation at foundations, earth/wood contact, damp areas, leaking pipes, etc.; Form-work timbers, scrap timber, tree stumps, mulch, tree branches touching the structure, wood rot, etc. Gardens, pathways or turf abutting or concealing the edge of a concrete slab will allow for concealed entry by timber pests. Any timber in contact with soil such as form-work, scrap timbers or stumps must be removed from under and around the buildings and any leaks repaired. You should endeavor to ensure such conditions do not occur around your property.

It is strongly recommended that a full inspection to as 4349.3 Or as 3660.2-2000 Be carried out at least once every 12 months. Regular inspections do not stop timber pest attack, but are designed to limit the amount of damage that may occur by detecting problems early.

We further advise that you engage a professional pest control firm to provide a termite management program in accord with as 3660 to minimize the risk of termite attack. There is no way of preventing termite attack. Even as 3660 advises that “the provision of a complete termite barrier will impede and discourage termite entry into a building. It cannot prevent termite attack. Termites can still bridge or breach barriers but they can be detected more readily during routine inspections.”

Disclaimer of liability:- No liability shall be accepted on account of failure of the report to notify any termite activity and/or damage present at or prior to the date of the report in any areas(s) or section(s) of the subject property physically inaccessible for inspection, or to which access for inspection is denied by or to the licensed inspector (including but not limited to any area(s) or section(s) so specified by the report).

Disclaimer of liability to third parties: - This report is made solely for the use and benefit of the client named on the front of this report. No liability or responsibility whatsoever, in contract or tort, is accepted to any third party who may rely on the report wholly or in part. Any third party acting or relying on this report, in whole or in part, does so at their own risk.

Before you decide to purchase this property you should read and understand the following important information. It will help explain what is involved in a timber pest inspection, the difficulties faced by a timber pest inspector and why it is not possible to guarantee that a property is free of timber pests. It also details important information about what you can do to help protect your property from timber pests. This information forms an integral part of the report.

14. Maintenance Advice

Please Read

Important maintenance advice regarding integrated pest management (ipm) for protecting against timber pests:

No property is safe from termites!

Termites are the cause of the greatest economic losses of timber in service in australia.

Independent data compiled by state forests shows 1 in every 5 homes is attacked by termites at some stage in its life. Australia's subterranean termite species (white ants) are the most destructive timber pests in the world. In fact it can take “as little as 3 months for a termite colony to severely damage almost all the timber in a home”.

How termites attack your home

The most destructive species live in large underground nests containing several million timber destroying insects. The problem arises when a nest matures near your home. Your home provides natural shelter and a food source for the termites. The gallery system of a single colony may exploit food sources over as much as one hectare, with individual galleries extending up to 50 meters to enter your home, where there is a smörgåsbord of timber to feast upon. Even concrete slabs do not act as a barrier; they can penetrate through cracks in the slab to gain access to your home. They even build mud tubes to gain access to above ground timbers. In rare cases termites may create their nest in the cavity wall of the property without making ground contact. In these cases it may be impossible to determine their presence until extensive timber damage occurs.

Termite damage

Once in contact with the timber they excavate it often leaving only a thin veneer on the outside. If left undiscovered the economic species can cause many thousands of dollars damage and cost two to five thousand dollars (or more) to treat.

Subterranean termite ecology

These termites are social insects usually living in underground nests. Nests may be in trees or in rare instances they may be in above ground areas within the property. They tunnel underground to enter the building and then remain hidden within the timber making it very difficult to locate them. Where timbers are concealed, as in most modern homes, it makes it even more difficult to locate their presence. Especially if gardens have been built up around the home and termite barriers are either not in place or poorly maintained. Termites form nests in all sorts of locations and they are usually not visible. There may be more than one nest on a property. The diet of termites in the natural environment is the various hardwood and softwood species growing throughout Australia. These same timbers are used in buildings. Worker termites move out from their underground nest into surrounding areas where they obtain food and return to nurture the other casts of termites within the nest. Termites are extremely sensitive to temperature, humidity and light and hence cannot move over ground like most insects. They travel in mud encrusted tunnels to the source of food. Detection of termites is usually by locating these mud tunnels rising from the ground into the affected structure. This takes an expert eye. Termite barriers protect a building by forcing termites to show themselves. Termites can build mud tunnels around termite barriers to reach the timber above. The presence of termite tracks or leads does not necessarily mean that termites have entered the timber though. A clear view of walls and piers and easy access to the sub-floor means that detection should be fairly easy. However many styles of construction do not lend themselves to ready detection of termites. The design of some properties is such that they make the detection by a pest inspector difficult, if not impossible. The tapping and probing of walls and internal timbers is an adjunct or additional means of detection of termites but is not as reliable as locating tracks. The use of a moisture meter is a useful aid for determining the presence of termites concealed behind thin wall panels, but it only detects high levels of activity. Older damage that has dried out will not be recorded. It may also provide false readings. Termite tracks may be present in the ceiling space however some roofs of a low pitch and with the presence of insulation, air conditioning ductwork and hot water services may prevent a full inspection of the timbers in these areas. Therefore since foolproof and absolute certain detection is not possible the use of protective barriers and regular inspections is a necessary step in protecting timbers from termite attack.

Borers of seasoned timbers

Borers are the larvae of various species of beetles. The adult beetles lay their eggs within the timber. The eggs hatch out into larvae (grubs) which bore through the timber and can cause significant structural damage. The larvae may reside totally concealed within the timber for a period of several years before passing into a dormant pupae stage. Within the pupae case they metamorphose (change) into the adult beetle which cuts a hole in the outer surface of the timber to emerge, mate and lay further eggs to continue the cycle. It is only through the presence of these emergence holes, and the frass formed when the beetles cut the exit holes that their presence can be detected. Where floors are covered by carpets, tiling, or other floor coverings and where no access to the under floor area is available it is not possible to determine whether borers are present or not. This is particularly the case with the upper floors of a dwelling. Borers of 'green' unseasoned timber may also be present. However these species will naturally die out as the timbers dry out in service. Whilst some emergence holes may occur in a new property it would be unusual for such a borer to cause structural damage, though the exit holes may be unsightly.

Anobium borer (furniture beetle) and queensland pine borer

These beetles are responsible for instances of flooring collapse, often triggered by a heavy object being placed on the floor (or a person stepping on the affected area!) Pine timbers are favored by this beetle and, while the sapwood is preferred, the heartwood is also sometimes attacked. Attack by this beetle is usually observed in timbers that have been in service for 10-20 years or more and mostly involves flooring and timber wall paneling. The frass from the flight holes (faeces and chewed wood) is fine and gritty. Wood attacked by these borers is often honeycombed.

Lyctus borer (powder post beetle)

These borers only attack the sapwood of certain susceptible species of hardwood timber. Since it is a requirement that structural timbers contain no more than 25% lyctus susceptible sapwood these borers are not normally associated with structural damage. Replacement of affected timbers is not recommended and treatment is not approved. Where decorative timbers are affected the emergence holes may be considered unsightly in which case timber replacement is the only option. Powder post beetles mostly attack during the first 6-12 months of service life of timber. As only the sapwood is destroyed, larger dimensional timbers (such as rafters, bearers and joists) in a house are seldom weakened significantly to cause collapse. In small dimensional timbers (such as tiling and ceiling battens) the sapwood may be extensive, and its destruction may result in collapse. Replacement of these timbers is the only option available.

Timber decay fungi

The fruiting bodies of wood decay fungi vary in size, shape and colour. The type of fungi encountered by pest controllers usually reside in poorly ventilated sub-floors, below wet areas of the home, exterior timbers and in areas that retain water in the soil. The durability and type of timbers are factors along with the temperature and environment. Destruction of affected timbers varies with the symptoms involved. Removal of the moisture source usually alleviates the problem. Fungal decay is attractive to termites and if the problem is not rectified it may well lead to future termite attack.

The Inspection and Report was carried out by: Steve Rowley

State License Number: QBCC 15057425

Contact the Inspector on: 0418 741 116

For and on Behalf of: BPP Inspections

